AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein on Tuesday called at Al Masri family residence and offered his condolences to the at Al Masri family residence and offered his condolences to the family members over the death of Hikmai Al Masri, the family head, who passed away in his hometwon of Nablus on Tuesday Dec. 13. The Masri family thanked the King for his visit, saying that it meant a lot to them. The King was accompanied by Roya! Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker. His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan also visited the Masri family to condole them. The Prince later visited Al Huneiti family and condoled them over the death of Ibrahim Rashed Al Huneiti, the sheikh of the Al Huneiti tribes.

Volume 19 Number 5799

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AMMAN WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1994, RAJAB 18,1415

Price: Jordan 150 Fils

Commission presents high-incentive draft law to encourage investments

Highlights include additional exemptions for land, machinery and production-oriented equipment

AMMAN (Petra) — The . Royal Commission for Reform and Modernisation (RCRM) on Tuesday submitted to the government a draft law aimed at encouraging investments in Jordan. The draft law is intended to create. a new climate for economic investments based on clear and solid foundations, the RCRM said.

The RCRM said in a statement that the draft law was aimed at increasing domestic income, stimulating production and helping the country

Stressing that investment is the backbone for development, the statement said the draft law also aims at finding jobs for the unemployed, fighting poverty and ensuring a higher standard of living for

the Jordanian citizens. Following is an unofficial translation of the draft law: Article 1:

This law shall be called the Law for Encouraging Investments and it becomes effective upon its publication in the official Gazette.

Article 2: The following words and phrases should have the meaning appearing next to it unless it is specified other-

The Minister: The minister of industry and trade The Board: The Higher Board of Investment formed in accordance with this law. The General Manager:

The general manager of the Investment Promotion Department The Committee: The committee for encouraging investment formed in accord-

ance with this law. The project: Any invest-ment activity which falls under the provisions of this law and the regulations and instructions pertaining to it. Fixed assets: The equip-

ment, machines, tools and other supplies used specifically in the project. Production requirements: materials and any other input necessary for the industrial

production of goods. Fees: Import, customs and other fees required on the fixed assets and production

Taxes: Property (real estate) tax and any other tax required in accordance with the laws in force on fixed assets and production requirements.

The Investor: The person or the legal entity investing in the Kingdom in accordance with the provisions of this

Production capacity: The designed or absorbed capacity of the project.
Article 3: The provisions of

this law are applicable to projects which the committee approves in accordance with a special regulation issued for that purpose. Article 4: For the purpose of

this law, the Kingdom is divided into four development regions; A,B,C and D, according to the degree of The raw and intermediate.

which should be specified by a decision from the board and published in the official

Article 5: A) For the purpose of this law the phrase "the foreign invested money" means: i) The cash transfer to the Kingdom through licensed

ii) The assets in kind which are imported to be invested in the project or to have it enlarged, developed or mod-

iii) The profits, returns and reserves, resulting from investing the foreign money in investment projects, if added to the capital of these projects or if invested in other projects approved in accordance with the provisions of this law;

iv) The intangible rights such as licences, intellectual rights, trade marks registered in the Kingdom and invested

biological sphere.

not forthcoming.

port said.

he said.

"While Iraq maintains

that the (biological) prog-

ramme was in the early

research stages and would

"In general, in relation

to the past programmes,

Iraq has not volunteered

information and has shown

a marked lack of trans-

parency, disclosing in-

formation only when con-

B) The committee will evainate the volume of the capital and decide whether it was used for the purposes of the project and whether it is in the form of capital pertinent to items ii and iv from paragraph (A) above.

A) The fixed assets of the project will be exempt from ees and taxes on condition it be provided within four years from the date of approving the project.

B) Spare parts will be exempt from fees and taxes on condition that the value does not exceed 15 per cent of the total value of the fixed assets for which the spare parts are to be used and on condition that they are bought within 10 years from the date of starting production.

C) The fixed assets needed to expand, develop or modernise the project will be exempt of fees and taxes if the expansion, development in its projects and owned by or modernisation will result non-residents;

(Continued on page 7)

Russians step up assault GROZNY (Agencies) — Thousands of people demon-Jordan appeals for strated for peace outside Grozny, the besieged capital peaceful end to crisis of Chechnya on Tuesday, as Russian forces attacked civihan targets, stampeding hun-AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan the warring parties to exerdreds of people into fleeing the city.

Thousands flee Grozny as

Tuesday deplored the "tragic events" currently taking Russian troops, sent in on place in the Chechen area Dec. 11 to crush the Cauand called on the warring casus republic's three-yearparties to resolve their conold independence drive, flict by peaceful means, launched a fierce push south from positions less than 15 An official spokesman kilometres northeast of the

"The government of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jorcentre of Grozny. Planes dropped bombs along the road east from dan is following up the tragic events in the Chechen area, Grozny to Argun and a and the suffering of the innoburned-out car and blood cent people including women, children and the could be seen on the route. Chechen defensive positions

could not be seen. Prompted by His Majesty The bombing, preceded by King Hussein's interest in a night of air raids on civilian putting an end to the bloodpositions in Grozny itself, appeared to be part of a the innocent Muslim civicampaign to terrorise civihans, and safeguarding securlians into leaving Grozny beity and stability, the Jordafore an eventual ground nian government calls upon

Only Grozny's southern exits were open and hundreds of panicked people streamed out of the city in packed buses, or crowded around

On the east-west road crossing Chechnya, on both sides of Grozny, thousands of people, mostly women and children, formed a human chain in the snow and called for peace and an end to the

The Chechen government of President Dzhokhar Dudayev had called for the demonstration, which stretched at least five kilometres along the snowy

Russian troops appeared to have a firm hold on the northwest of Grozny, at the village of Pervomayskaya, and northeast at Pctropay-

tains" in the massive Caucasus mountains in the south of the republic.

people.

casus region.

its borders with Georgia and Azerbaijan to prevent the movement of rebel fighters in

cise self-constraint, avoid the use of arms, and to resort to peaceful dialogue to defuse the crisis and ensure an immediate end to the fighting, the spokesman said. "The Jordanian govern-

ment, while voicing its concern over the continued fighting and escalation of the crisis, calls upon all parties to resort to reason and constructive dialogue to reach a just and bonourable solution capable of guaranteeing a peaceful life for all parties and ensuring their rights, dignity and future," the spokesman said. "The Jordanian governthe crisis so as to limit its negative consequences and prevent it from spreading beyond its present borders.

In Moscow, the government said its troops were pushing to close the southern corridor to prevent Chechens from being able "to retreat to bases set up in the moun-

The ITAR-TASS news agency said Chechen forces had shot down a Russian helicopter northeast of the capital Grozny, killing three

Russian Ostankino Television said the helicopter was serving as an ambulance and was downed as it was preparing to land in the north Cau-

Russia said it was closing

A Foreign Ministry statement carried by ITAR-TASS said from Tuesday midnight (2100 GMT) Russia would only allow its residents returning home to cross land borders with the two former Soviet republics. Movement of goods, transport or other people would be halted indefinitely.

The statement said all air hinks between Russia's Caucasus republics and Azerbaiian and Georgia would also be suspended from Tuesday midnight until further notice. Maritime links to the two

countries from ports in the Caspian and Azov seas would also be cut.

The government said the move was "aimed at ensuring Russia's security in accord-

House panel recommends approval of draft budget, but wants reforms

full House could begin debate of the JD 1.674 billion budget ou Saturday, when the Financial Committee would formally present its recommendations to the lawmakers.

man deputy who heads the Financial Committee, said the panel was not suggesting any amendments or additions to the draft, which was presented to the House by Finance Minister Sami Gam-

priorities of the country in

"If implemented, the more than 60 recommendations would go a long way in improving the overall situation in the country," Mr. Abul Ragheb told the Jordan Times, adding that the suggested measures covered administrative reforms, corrective steps in various sector, improving the invest-ment climate in the country eliminating bureaucratic delays, and moves to help reduce unemployment and

of living in the country, he

energy and mineral resources, said the lawmakers saw the measures as feasible. "The government did not deliver fully on promises it made during 1994, but then one can accept that it was busy with the peace process during the year," said the Amman deputy. "But there is no such preoccupation in 1995, and we expect it to start implementing the recom-mended measures during this

Observers expected lawmakers opposed to the Middle East peace process and the Jordan-Israeli peace treaty signed on Oct. 36 to level harsh criticism of the budget when the House begins floor debate on the issue.

"That is one way of taking out their trustration their failure to block the endorsement of the peace treaty by Parliament, said one observer, referring to the passage of the document through the legislature with a 55-24 vote in early Novem-

Unrest

Masiim demonstrators clashed with Bahraini secur-Tuesday where machine-gun fire was heard and hundreds of students protested violence which has left up to mine people dead, witnesses

The fighting flared despite mass arrests by the security forces aimed at crushing the unrest, which has coincided with a summit of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC)

in the Bahraini capital. Hundreds of students including veiled women held a rally on the Bahrain University campus at Sakhir "to protest the deaths of four of their Shiite colleagues;"a teacher told AFP.

He gave no details of how or when the students died. but said leaflets calling for a dassroom boycott and "political and moral reforms" had been distributed.

In Tehran, the leader of the Bahraini opposition called on his countrymen and particularly students to revolt to restore democracy in the

Diplomatic sonrees in Manama said Tuesday that Bahraini authorities had arrested almost 1,600 people in the capital as well as towns and villages with large Shiite communities in the mainly Sunni Gulf state.

An inhabitant contacted by telephone told AFP that "on Monday evening and Tuesday morning machine-gun shots were heard around Shiite districts in the centre of Manama.

'A large number of special forces in black combat gear were posted around the main Shiite districts of the capital, where sporadic guafire was heard overnight," he added. Another witness said

clashes had also taken place in the Shitte-dominated villages of Budaiya and Draz, south of Manama. 'Tear-gas was used to

break up the demonstrators who, armed with iron rods and catapults, chanted antigovernment slogans," the

Burning tyres set alight by demonstrators were scattered along the roads in several areas of Manama and Budaiya, he added.

The banned Islamic Front for the Liberation of Bahrain (IFLB) said in Tehran that weekend clashes left five de-

(Continued on page 7)

Qatar lobbies GCC summit continues for end to Iraq sanctions in Bahrain Iran denies reported embargo-busting

Qatar tried Tuesday to persuade Gulf Arab leaders meeting in the Bahrain capital to adopt a resolution calling for an end to the international embargo on Iraq, a Qatari official

"Kuwait fiercely opposed the Qatari proposal, but Doha did manage to soften the positions of its other partners" in the sixmember Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC), he said.

The leaders of the GCC - Bahrain, Knwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) - are holding a three-day summit in Manama that opened on

The official Qatari News Agency (QNA) said they would adopt a final resolution referring to the "Re-public of Iraq" rather than the "Iraqi regime," the term used by some GCC members since Baghdad's August 1990 invasion of

The United Nations imposed crippling sanctions on Baghdad after the inva-

Iraq formally recognised Kuwait on Nov. 10, a key condition for lifting the embargo, but four days later the U.N. Security Council voted to extend the sanctions for at least another two months.

Unlike other Gulf states, Qatar restored good relations with Iraq after the invasion and 1991 Gulf war which ousted Iraqi troops from Kuwait.

The Qatari official said Doha also offered to use its good relations with Iran to "persnade Tehran to accept arbitration by the International Court of Justice to settle its territorial dispute with the UAE."

Iran has repeatedly inisted it will not cede "an inch" of the disputed southern Gulf islands of Abu Musa, Greater Tunb and Lesser Tunb which it has held since 1971.

Tehran has rejected a UAE proposal to ask the World Court in the Hague to rule on the dispute. Iran on Tuesday rejected as "lies" U.S. accusations that it helped to ship Iraqi oil through Gulf ports, in violation of the internation-

BAHRAIN (Agencies) - al trade embargo against weapons, said in a report Baghdad, Hussein Ghanimi Fard, day that his main problem in compiling data for pass

the director of the Nationa Iranian Oil Company's International Affairs Department, said the "new hes" were in line with "fabricated stories often spread against the Islamic repub-

"It's an old funny story that doesn't even deserve to be refuted," he told the English-language daily

Tehran Times.
On Monday, the specialist weekly Middle East Economic Survey (MEES) quoted the U.S. delegation to the United Nations as accusing Iran of "complicity in the smuggling of Iraqi petrolenm through Gulf

In a letter to the U.N. Security Council's Committee on Dec. 7 Washington asked the committee to urge Iran to stop the violations and report back to the U.N. within 30 days on steps taken to comply with the four-year embargo, it

Meanwhile the United Nations is cheeking whether Iraq has developed an extensive biological weapons research programme after inspectors found previously undisclosed germ cultures there for cholera, tuberculosis

and the plague, U.N. diplomatic sources said. The find of 25 litres of "diagnostic media" for the three diseases by a team of U.N. weapons inspectors is the first discovery of materials in over two years that could be part of a banned

weapons programme, the sources said. Although the amount was relatively small, they said the discovery could indicate a wider Iraqi research programme into biological arms than pre-

viously thought. The sonrces said an analysis was under way to determine their significance, after the bulk of the cultures had been des-troyed by U.N. inspectors. Under resolutions by the Seenrity Council such materials needed to be de-

Without mentioning the discovery, Rolf Ekeus. head of the U.N. special commission in charge of ridding Iraq of dangerous

officially released on Mon-

programmes was in the official said Tuesday.

be defensively oriented, the indications all point to Mr. Arafat's spokesman, an offensive programme," He praised Iraq for cooperating in a crucial long-term monitoring programme, but said missing data in several areas was

They will try to end the atalemate on extending Palestinian autonomy by organising elections to a selfrule council after an Israeli army redeployment on the

fronted with evidence by the commission," his re-"In many instances, new information obtained by the commission contradicted the accounts given by Iraq," he said.

Iraqi Deputy Prime Minister Tareq Aziz meanwhile praised Security Council members which back the lifting of the sanctions imposed on Iraq. Mr. Aziz hailed the position adopted by wellintentioned parties in the Security Council towards the suffering of Iraq's chil-dren, and their recognition

state-run agency INA re-Although he did not name the countries, Mr. Aziz was probably referring to Russia, China and France, which have called for a gradual lifting of the sanctions despite vehement

that Iraq has complied with

the U.N. resolutions," the

U.S. and British opposi-He told a cougress of Iraqi emmigrants that the United States was "responsible for keeping up the blockade," referring to the oil and trade embargo imposed on Iraq after its Angust 1990 invasion of

"The United States is hindering all efforts (to lift the sanctions) and inventing false pretexts to justify its iniquitous stance," Mr. Aziz added, branding U.S., policy as "colonialist."

Arafat to reject autonomy islands'

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) - Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat will reject any Israeli proposal for islands of autonomy" on the West Bank when he meets Foreign Minister Shimon Peres, a senior Palestinian

Nabil Abu Rudeina, said that Mr. Arafat and Mr. Peres in their meeting Wednesday at the Erez crossing between Israel and Gaza would carry on their negotiations embarked in Oslo and Stockholm earlier this month.

occupied West Bank. Under the declaration of

principles on antonomy signed in Washington last September, Israeli troops are to pull out of West Bank towns by the eve of elections, which should have been held in July. Bnt Israel is reluctant to

commit itself to a redeploy-

meut, out of fear for the security of 120,000 Jewish

settlers in the West Bank following the killings of 45 Israelis since the launch of self-rule in May. Faisal Husseini, the leading Palestinian figure in the territory, said the PLO would be willing to consider any Israeli offer of an initial with-

drawal from certain towns

such as Jenin or Bethlehem. "We are ready to talk about it if there is a calendar for an overall withdrawal," Mr. Husseini told journalists. But he stressed "there is no question of allowing the creation of islands of autonomy" on the West Bank. Mr. Hussein said the dec-

laration must be im-

plemented, with the Palesti-

mans insisting that free elec-tions could not be held under Israeli occupation. Mr. Peres said Monday that Israel "does not intend to change the declaration of principles unilaterally but is wary of carrying out the plan-

ned redeployment of its milit-ary forces." The Palestinian self-rule authority headed by Mr. Arafat "has not managed to rein in terrorism," he said.

(Continued on page 7)

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The Financial Committee of the Lower House of Parliament has recommeuded that the House endorse the draft budget for 1995 presented the government provided that the executive authority undertakes to implement key reforms in various sectors, the head of the panel said Tuesday.

Parliament sources said the

Ali Abul Ragheb, an Am-

moh early this month. In general, Mr. Abul Ragheb said the committee found the JD 50 million deficit budget striking a good balance among the various terms of revenues and cur-

rent and capital expendi-But, be said, the panel was demanding that the govern-ment implement "wideranging and fundamental reforms and measures in almost every sector of life in the country" in return for a passage of the budget without

poverty.

The suggested measures also include additional focus on southern areas, particularly in the context of developing tourism in Aqaba, reforms in land use, help for the agriculture sector and moves designed to raise the standard

Mr. Abul Ragheb, a former minister of supply and

light

Iraq awaits U.N. rift to end sanctions

NICOSIA (AFP) — President Saddam Hussein grabbed the headlines in 1994 by massing troops on Kuwait's border and then just as suddenly recognising the emirate, but in the end he failed to win any easing of U.N. sanctions.

Next year, Iraq will have its hopes pinned on a division within the U.N. Security Council to lift at least part of the embargo which has crippled the country's economy.

President Saddam had kept a low profile for most of 1994 as he worked steadily to comply with the U.N. terms for an end to the sanctions imposed after his August 1990 invasion of Kuwait.

On Feh. 12, Iraq's last load of seven kilogrammes of nonenriched uranium left Baghdad for Russia, under the control of the International

Atomic Energy Agency.
In June the United Nations closed its Al Muthanna complex for destroying chemical weapons after eliminating more than 40,000 bombs, shells and missiles.

But Iraq's patience finally ran out on Oct. 6 when U.N. disarmament chief Rolf Ekeus failed to recommend a ometable for an end to sanctions despite the launch of a long-term monitoring of Iraqi

The next day, tens of thousands of crack Republican Guards hegan massing in southern Iraq near the border with Kuwait, triggering fears of a repeat invasion of the

oil-rich emirate.
The United States rushed troops to Kuwait, while Russian Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev launched a diplomatic initiative aimed at winning an easing of sanctions in exchange for Iraq's recognition of Kuwait, which it had claimed 'as its 19th

Iraqi troops slipped away from the border, without any clashes or shots being fired by either side, and Iraq on Nov. 10 used up one of its last trump cards by finally accepting Kuwait's sovereignty.

Despite that and the renewed international attention on the plight of the Iraqis hit arrives.

by the devastating economic effects of the embargo. Deputy Prime Minister Taren Aziz returned empty-handed from the latest Security Council review of the sanctions in November.

But the crisis did accentuate a rift hetween the five permanent members of the council with Russia, France and China urging a gradual lifting of the sanctions in the face of vehement U.S. and British opposition.

Back home President Saddam's latest game of brink-manship with the West had done nothing to put money in people's pockets, food on the table, or medicine in the bos-

Iraq once had some of the best schools and hospitals in the region paid for from the incomes of its vast oil reserves - the second largest in the world after Saudi Ara-

Now Iraqi doctors have reported growing infant mortality rates and teachers have assrooms full of children suffering from malnutrition

Washington said the pover-ty was all Saddam's fault. because he was squandering

money on pleasure palaces. The U.S. ambassador to the United Nations, Madeline Alhright, hrandished satellite pictures of buildings under construction, described by a British diplomat as "closer to Versailles than anything else," to prove the point.

Washington also said Iraq had yet to meet other U.N. demands on ending human rights abuses, releasing Kuwaiti prisoners of war and returning stolen property to Kuwait hefore the emhargo will he lifted.

A U.N. report published on the eve of the crucial Security Council meeting. slammed Baghdad for its rights abuses and accused Iraq of carrying out "political killings" and "terrorising its civilian population."

Sanctions come up again for review in January, hut prospects for the Iraqi people remain grim as the New Year



The Japanese Imperial family: Sitting-Emperor Akihito and Empress Michiko. Standing (left to right) Princess Sayako, Crown Prince Naruhito, Crown Princess Masako.

Prince Fumilito and Princess Kiko (Photo courtesy: The

Japanese crown prince and princess begin 4-day visit to Jordan on Jan. 26

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Crown Prince Narubito and Princess Masako of Japan will pay an official four-day visit to Jordan beginning Jan. 26, the Japanese government announced Tuesday.

It will be the first visit of a member of the Japanese imperial family to Jordan since 1976, when the pre-sent Emperor and then Crown Prince Akihito paid a visit along with Empress and then Crown Princess Michiko.

Japanese Ambassador Yuji Ikeda described the forthcoming visit, which comes in response to an invitation by Their Majesties King Hussein and Queen Noor, as a reaffirmation of the strong ties binding the royal families of Japan and Jordan and the people of the two coun-

In a statement making the announcement of the visit, Mr. Ikeda noted that the King had visited Japan at least four times and His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan three times.

"It is highly expected that the coming visit of Their Imperial Highnesses Crown Prince Naruhito and Crown Princess Masako will enhance further the existing close and friendly re-lations" between Jordan

and Japan, he said. The Japanese royal cou-ple, who will make a stopover in Singapore and also visit Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates before arriving in Jordan, will be paying their second visit to the Middle East in three

They visited Saudi Arabia, Oman, Qatar and Bahrain last month. The official schedule of their visit in Jordan is being

finalised. It is expected that they will tour Petra and other archaeological sites in the Kingdom in what is seen as a forerunner of a marked increase in the number of Japanese tourists visiting the country. Crown Prince Hassan is

tentatively scheduled to pay a visit to Japan in late May 1995 to inaugurate a "Jordan Week" in Tokyo.
"Jordan Week" is also expected to witness the launch of Royal Jordanian flights between Amman and new Kansai airport in Japan. Definite confirmation of the Crown Prince's visit to Japan and the launch of RJ flights was not immediately available, however.

In his statement on Tuesday, Amhassador Ikeda noted that 1994 marked the 40th anniversary of the establishment of diplomatic relations between Tokyo and Amman and the 20th anniversary of the opening of embassies of Japan and Jordan in each other's capitals.
"Since the establishment

of diplomatic relations, the two countries bave developed excellent political and economic relations, and the scope of relations is being expanded in other fields as well," said the ambassador, noting that cultural exchanges between Jordan and Japan were being stepped up and cooperation in sports was also

Japan has consistently extended economie and financial support for Jor-dan in the form of soft loans and grants. A \$750 million Japanese aid to Jor-dan was crucial to the King-dom's efforts to withstand the sweeping impact of the Gulf crisis triggered by the August 1990 Iraqi invasion of Kuwait. Tokyo has con-tinued such aid since then.

NEWS IN BRIEF

French paper, group issue Algeria edition

PARIS (R) — The French daily Information and the campaign group Reporters Sans Frontieres (Reporters Without Borders) published a special edition on Tuesday to highlight assaults on press freedom in Algeria. Twenty-seven Algerian journalists have been killed since May 1993. most by suspected Muslim guerrillas, and army-dominated authorities have cracked down on the press, suspending five independent newspapers for publishing unauthorised news. "Censorship, suspended newspapers and terrorised newsrooms: Algeria today is an insult to freedom of the press," Infomatin editor Marc Jezegabel said in a front-page editorial. "While some journalists are gunned down by armed Islamic groups, others are gagged by the military regime," he said. The authorities suspended the Frenchlanguage daily L'Opinion on Monday, accusing it of manipulation over a report on a promised presidential election. A spokesman for L'Opinion said the paper had been suspended for 40 days for reporting what it said was a draft election law for the presidential poll, promised by the

Kinkel announces new EU accord with Israel

BRUSSELS (R) — The European Union (EU) has reached "agreement in principle" with Israel on a new cooperation accord and talks with Tunisia and Morocco are in the final phase, German Foreign Minister Klaus Kinkel said on Monday. But EU and Israeli sources gave no details of the accord which followed weekend telephone contacts between the EU's German presidency and Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres. One Israeli source said that some issues which had been causing difficulty would still have to be discussed in the new year under the French Et presidency. These would include Israeli requests for acce to bid for EU government contracts in the telecommunitions sector in order to reduce Israel's trade deficit with EU. According to Israeli statistics, the deficit is likely to \$6 billion this year, up from \$5.5 billion in 1993.

Egyptian journalist dies in Washingto

CAIRO (AP) — Hamdi Fouad, longtime Washingto correspondent for Egypt's prestigious Al Ahram newspa₁. er, has died. He was 70. Fouad died Monday in Washington of colon cancer, Egyptian newspapers reported Tues day. He was Al Ahram's diplomatic correspondent for 30 years before being transferred to Washington, where he spent one decade reporting on the United States. Fouad made a name for himself covering late President Anwar Sadat's Camp David talks with Israel. Those talks culminated in a 1979 peace treaty. In Egypt, he was nicknamed "the ambassador" by colleagues and diplomats alike. Fouad also worked for the New York Times office in Cairo as a young reporter. Found is survived by his wife, Huda Tewfik, Washington correspondent for Al Gomhuriya newspaper, and their son Ashraf, a journalist employed with Reuter's news service in the Middle East.

Malaysia to seek Turkey's defence expertise :

KUALA LUMPUR (R) — Malaysia plans to ask Turkey for help in developing its local defence industry, a Defence Ministry spokesman said on Tuesday. "Malaysia will learn from Turkey because Turkey has a very advanced defence industry," he added. Malaysia sent 600 soldiers to Turkey for training last year and currently has two army members studying at the Turkish Defence College, the spokesman said. Malaysian Deputy Defence Minister Wan Abu Bakar Wan Mohammad said on Monday that Malaysia would explore the feasibility of joint production of military equipment with Turkey but gave no further details.

Sensitive' information on sale in Israel

TEL AVIV (AFP) - Computer disks containing "sensitive" information about Israel's political leaders and ecurity service officials are on sale to the public for up to \$3.000. Israeli television said Monday. The interior ministry had given the disks to political parties during last year's municipal elections so they could send correspondence part of their electoral campaigns, state-run television said. Some of the parties failed to return the disks as promised, and they were discovered on the open market at prices ranging from \$500 to \$3,000. Through the disks it is possible to find out the personal address of Prime Minister Yitzhak Rahin or army Chief-of-Staff Ehud Barak, as well as details of their shares portfolios, the names of all their neighbours and the ages of their wives. The television said it had also discovered all details of the head of Shin Beth. Israel's secret services, whose identity is supposed to be kept

U.S. pilot to be court-martialed for shootdown

WASHINGTON (AFP) - An air force pilot will be court-martialed for his role in the shootdown of two U.S. belicopters over Iraq that killed 26 people in April, officials said Monday. Jim Wang, commander of the weapons controllers aboard the radar planes, was charged with dereliction of duty after his crew failed to warn patrolling U.S. F-15 fighters that the helicopters were in the area. The F-15s mistook the two Black Hawks for Iraq aircraft violating the no-fly zone and shot them down. Charges were dismissed against four other officers who were flying the airborn warning and control systems (AWACS) aircraft with Captain Wang, who said he was not derelict in his duty. "I acted in accordance with the training I received and with the tools I was provided," he said in a statement.
"Failures that occurred were the result of systematic failures in the operation to which I was deployed. "While the evidence will show that there was an absolute failure of command, it appears as if I am the only military manber facing a court-martial. Responsibility by those in charge has not, as would be expected, been acknowledged."

Yemen survives civil war, but fails to bury hatchet

war in 1994 clinging onto a fragile unity but failing to end simmering tensions between north and south.

President Ali Abdullah Saleh emerged from the war with a stronger hand after northern troops loyal to the government crushed southern forces in the May-July

His position was further reinforced when many southern leaders, who had declared a separate republic in May, fled into exile in neighbouring Gulf countries.

But deep rifts remain between the north and south, and Sanaa's attempts to build hridges with the southern opposition have met with a lukewarm response. The country, one of the

poorest in the world, has also found itself increasingly isolated after its already troubled relations with its powerful neighbour Saudi Arabia flared into violence along a disputed border region. Six months after the war

and more than four years after former North and South Yemen were united, some key institutions have yet to be

merged. The armies of the two former Yemens remain separate

DUBAI (AFP) — Yemen in practice, while even the survived two months of civil currencies are different in Sanaa and the south's main

city Aden. Opposition parties, notably the southern Yemen Socialist Party which was thrown out of the ruling coalition after the war, have accused Saleh of trying to silence them.

police seized their new headquarters in Sanaa and the offices of their party newspaper Al Thawra.

Sanaa of arresting several of their officials and trying to muzzle the press. In a bid to appease the

men's winter capital, ordered the army to he restructured on a "non-partisan" basis and pardoned all the separatists except for former Vice-President Ali Salem Al Beidh and 15 other southern lead-

The socialists charged that

They have also accused

southerners, Mr. Saleh immediately after the war ordered the rehuilding of the port city of Aden which bore the hrunt of the fighting. He declared the city Ye-

The war cost the country \$5 hillion, money it can illafford since it finds itself in a "complete impasse" economically, according to one Western diplomat.

Remains of Pharos lighthouse could vanish

ALEXANDRIA (AFP) — fort, hut apart from the salThe underwater remains of the Pharos of Alexandria, an ancient lighthouse that was following years, the site remained untouched until 1992.

of cow-horns, the headgear associated with Isis and Hathor, the goddess of love and joy, and recovered part one of the seven wonders of the world, could disappear forever under slabs of concrete because of construction

Egyptian authorities want to build new hreakwaters around the former site of the lighthouse — on top of a treasure trove of remains

lying on the seabed. Officials insist the breakwaters are necessary to protect a 15th century fort, built by Sultan Qaytbay on the site of the Pharos.

The hreakwaters put in place in 1958-59 are eroding," said Mohammad Abdul Aziz, head of Islamic antiquities in Alexandria in northern Egypt.

The Pharos was built in the third century B.C. and be-came the archetype for all lighthouses. It stood 120 metres high,

with a fire burning permanently on top. It collapsed in 1349 follow-

ing a string of earthquakes. Some of the remains were recovered by Sultan Qaythay hut many sank to the seabed. In 1961 an amateur diver discovered an underwater forest of ancient pillars, statues and blocks lying near the

Then Frank Goddio, an American famed for discovering underwater trea-

sure, mapped out the site using a new method of magnetic detection. He gathered a huge

amount of information, which is currently being processed on supercomputers at the Atomic Energy Commission in Grenoble, France. The authorities suspended new construction work on the

ancient site last year after a campaign launched by an Egyptian film director, Asma Al Bakri.

A team of 20 divers explored the 2.5 hectare site after the authorities decided to recover the most important remains. Jean-Yves Empereur.

director of the Centre for Alexandria Studies, said they saw a dozen sphinxes, inscriptions in ancient Greek and hieroglyphics, the remains of an obelisk of ancient Egyptian king Ramses II (1292-1225 B.C.), and four huge pedestals, one of them probably from a statue of Isis, the goddess of fertility. They also found a two-

metre high crown in the form

of a colossus helieved to represent Osiris, the king and judge of the dead, one of the two guards to whom the lighthouse was dedicated.

But the authorities decided to cononue the hreakwater project, sinking new concrete locks on the ancient site.

"In 1993 we saw a second male colossus, hut we did not find it again later. An inscription in hieroglyphics was half huried under the hreakwaters," Mr. Empereur explains.

He says remains of the ancient lighthouse could form part of what we found or what was lying underneath."

A local oceanologist, Hassan Awad, has proposed maintaining the remains underwater to form a marine archaeology park. He is backed by a lawyer, Omar Hadidi, who has been campaigning for 20 years to reconstruct the lighthouse as a tourist attraction.

But Abdul Halim Nureddin, head of the Department of Antiquities, insists that "the fort must be protected - concrete is the only

IUNRWA. holds first meeting in Gaza Strip AMMAN (J.T.) - The

senior management of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA), acting commissioner-general field directors, programme directors and representatives from the agency's headquarters branch in Amman, met in the Gaza Strip on Monday and Tuesday under the chair-manship of Commissioner-

General Ilter Türkmen. Palestine National Authority (PNA), Chairman Yasser Arafat hosted a luncheon on Monday for the commissioner-general who was accompanied by UN-RWA cabinet members.

It was the first time the agency's general cabinet has met in the Gaza Strip. Mr. Turkmen said that the meet ing in Gaza showed the agen cy's commitment to an early relocation of its headquarter to Gaza

At the meeting, the agency held preliminary discussions on a five-year planning horizon outlining a new form of partnership hetween the agency, the Palestinian Authority, major donors and host governments.

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PROGRAMME TWO Thalassa/Magazine
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WEATHER

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HOSPITALS

AMMAN:

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Hussein Medicai Centre o Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn Akileh Maternity, J. Amn. 642441/2 ran Maternity 642362 Malhas, J. Amman Palestine, Shmeisani Shmeisani Hospital University Hospital Al-Mussher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital (09)900560 (09)986732 (09)990990 Ibu Sina Hospital (

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FOR THE TRAVELLER

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مكذاحة للمل

Cables of support for King

sue Algeria editie drain information and from the francients (Republication on The Section on The Section on Additional Action on American Addition on American American Company on the press of the Section AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Higher Education Rateh Al Sand Tuesday thanked His Majesty King Hussein for his decision to increase the the welcolor and the control the factor and the factor and annion ann teachers allowance.

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Time late President

In a cable to King Hussein. Dr. Saud said be and his ministry staff were deeply grateful for the King's initiative.

The minister said he and his staff will remain loyal to Monday decides the Hashemite Throne and will continue to perform their duties with dedication to serve the homeland.

The King also received a cable of support from the President of the Jordanian Writers Federation, Diauddin Al Rifai, who said he supported the King's ideas included in his speech to the 7th Organisation of Islamie Conference Summit Mr. Rifai stressed the federation's "support for the historical role of the Hashemites as custodians of the holy places in Jerusalem."

Brigadier Mohammad Abdul Rahman Qudsieh, the commander of the Palestine Liberation Army (PLA) in Jordan, also cahled King Hussem voicing full support for the King's speech before the Casablanca summit. Your Majesty's speech re-

fleets wisdom, selfconfidence and rare courage m saying what is right," Brig. Qudsieh said in his cable. He added that the King's role and that of the Hashemites and Jordan in caring for the holy places in Jerusalem is well-known to the Arah

and Islamic nations.

the function and for the function and for the function and for the function of Princess Alia opens Cockett telephone Cockett tel

MADABA (J.T.) — Her Royal Highness Ana Butter by beach request for the lekelon services and the specialisation clinic in Madaspecialisation clinic in Manageria in the least of the definity in the definit the Ibn Cina Cerebral Palsy

Society.

Ibrahim Shaqdin the head of the branch said that his society had been providing medical treatment to around 1,500 patients annually free of charge, but it had lacked a proper centre to provide services to children.

Children with cerebral palsy condition between six months to 12 years will be treated at the centre free of charge, Mr. Shaqdih noted. Princess Alia toured parts of the clinie and watched specialists providing services to the children

Dr. Omar Hamdan, a cerebral palsy specialist, said that the disease is caused by brain mjury or maldevelopment in the early years of life. The mjury can happen during premancy, at delivery or after birth, especially during the critical post natal month, Dr.

The new Madaba clinic is one of several Cerebral Palsy Foundation (CPF) centres. The CPF currently runs centres in Amman, Zarqa, Irbid, Aqaha, Salt and Karak. Together they care for 7,338 children with cerbral palsy. Madaba Governor Abdul

Qader Habahbeh and Madaha parliament deputies

Dr. Bisheh to head **Antiquities Department**

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - The government Tuesday approved Ghazi Bisheh, a leading Jordanian archaeologist, as director of the Department of Antiquities, Dr. Bisheh suo ceeds Safavan Tell who resul igned in July.

Dr. Bisheh takes the post for the second time. Dr. Bisheh took over the

department in November until 1991. The former director, Dr. Tell, is professor of distory and archaeology at the University of Jordan.

Dr. Tell was last week hou-

Hussein and Crown Prince Hassan presented him with the Kawkab medal of the second order.

Dr. Bisheh served with the Department of Antiquities for 20 years before being promoted to become its director general in 1988. He also taught Archaeology at the University of Jordan.

Dr. Bisheh obtained his doctorate degree from Michigan University in the U.S. in at Yarmouk University. He did two seasons of excavation in the Madaba region. He also lectures part time at the American Centre for Orienoured by His Majesty King tal Research (ACOR).

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

FRANCO-ARAB CINEMA FESTIVAL

* Film entitled "Cheb" (France/Algeria 1991) at Cinema Concorde at 8:30 p.m.

Children's film (in French) entitled "La Finte a Six Schtroupfs" at the French Cultural Centre at 10:00

* Film entitled "Christmas Carol" at the British Council at 7:00 p.m.

PIANO RECITAL

Piano recital by Rula Nabil at the Royal Cultural Centre at 8:60 p.m.

CHRISTMAS DISPLAY

☆ Bani Hamida Christmas Display with a variety of small gift items at Bani Hamida House, Jabal Amman, First Circle, Rainbow Street.

LECTURES

☆ Lecture (in German) entitled "Die Menschwerdung Gottes" by Dr. Werner Wagner at Goethe-Institut at 7:00 p.m.

★ Lecture (in Arabic) entitled "How Do We Overcome Psychological, Mental, and Muscular Tensions" by Dr. Sa'ld Barghouti at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation

EXHIBITIONS

* Plastic art exhibition by Lails Kawash at the Royal Cultural Centre.

★ Exhibition of paintings on leather by Iraql artist Rakan Dabdub at the Phoenix Gallery for Culture and Art.

☆ Painting and water colours exhibition by Suhail Ma'touq at Baladna Art Gallery.

* Art exhibition by Ammar Khammash and Fuad Mimi at Instituto Cervantes (the Spanish Cultural Centre).

☆ Exhibition of works by Mahmud Obeidi at Derat Al Funun, Also showing an exhibition of portraits by Fahrelnissa Zeid and the exhibition of contemporary Arab artists.

* Exhibition of paintings by Ismail and Tamam Shammout at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation. Exhibition of paintings by Sadik Kwaish at the French

Cultural Centre.

☆ Exhibition by artists Lattif Al Khateeb and Muhy Khaleefa at the Housing Bank Gallery.



Her Majesty Queen Noor chairs the new NHF board of trustees meeting at Raghadan Palace Monday (Photo by Crystal)

NHF gets new board

give support and inspiration

to others. Our programmes

should promote excellence

AMMAN (J. T.) — The Noor Al Hussein Foundation (NHF) new board of trustees met at Raghadan Palace Monday to welcome new members and to begin a review of the foundation's first decade of achievement and goals for the future.

Her Majesty Queen Noor, who chaired the meeting, thanked the founding members of the board for their dedicated efforts to build and promote NHF's innovative hnman development strategies and welcomed a new board of trustees, expressing the hope that through them the foundation's initiatives will he strengthened and enhanced.

The Queen spoke of NHF's commitment to balanced, equitable and sustainable development in Jordan and a modernisation process that is balanced with tradi-

AMMAN (J.T.) - The low

pressure and cold air front that affected Jordan in the past few days ends today with

temperatures rising hut

staying well below the aver-

age for this time of the year,

weatherman Mohammad

Mr. Bataineh noted the

weather will continue to be

fair and partly cloudy until

Saturday evening. He said,

however, that it was early to

predict whether a low air

pressure currently centred

over Italy would affect Jor-

Mr. Bataineh warned of

fog formation in the evening

and morning periods.

He described the rainy sea-

son as excellent and said that

all regions of the Kingdom

have so far received more

than 200 per cent of the

average rainfall for this time.

Tuesday evening at the de-

partment on the amount of

However, Minister of Wa-

ter and Irrigation Saleh

Irsheidat told the Jordan

News Agency, Petra, that the amount of water collected by

dams in the Kingdom hy Tuesday totalled 71 million

cubic metres (mcm) out of a

Dr. Irsheidat said the bulk

total capacity of 140 mcm,

of the amount was collected

by the King Talal Dam, with

rainfall.

No figures were available

dan before that time.

Bataineh said Tuesday.

strategies and technologies, our development projects incorporate values and traditions to harness the best of the humanitarian, competitive and creative spirit of our people, and ensure that NHF activities and programmes

and the highest standards of quality, effort and commit-Queen Noor said. The Queen said: "Our work began hy identifying gaps in the development process and specific unmet national needs through ex-

The NHF was established in 1985 to consolidate various development efforts to comprehensively address those needs and to initiate model projects that could be replicated in the public and private sectors,

tensive research.'

"Through appropriate board expressed pride that Members of the NHF

57 mcm, compared to 52,5.

Monday. The total capacity of the same, which had about 15 mcm before the start of

the season, is estimated at

latest snow and rain also

raised to eight mcm the level

of water in the Wadi Al Arab

Dam which has a total capac-

ity of 17 mcm. The water

level in Sharhabeel Dam rose

to 2.3 mcm, 59 per cent of its

The minister described the

ramy season as excellent and

said the amount of rainfall in

the Kingdom until Tnesday

accounted for more than 80

per cent of the average

positively on the agricultural

season and Jordan's reserves

Dr. Irsheidat said most of

the depleted underground water resources would be re-

plenished and the quality of

water would improve tang-

season was excellent, the

Kingdom's dams could hold

140 mcm of water, merely 3

per cent of the total rainfall

on Jordan. The major part,

he said, evaporates, gets lost in other ways or feeds under-

ground water resources.

He said that although the

He said this would reflect

3.9 million capacity.

annual rainfall.

of water.

Dr. Irsheidat said that the

more than 75 mcm.

the foundation's projects have succeeded as national models, and are considered regional models by interna-tional and United Nations

Queen Noor urged members of the board to assist the foundation in meeting the real needs of the people of Jordan by promoting a spirit of cooperation and partnership with the government, private sector, NGOs and international organisations.

Members of the new board of trustees include: Mamdouh Abbadi, Inam Al Mufti. Bassam Al Saket. Mahmoud Al Sharif, Sameeh Darwazeh, Sami Gammouh, Noor Izzedine, Abdul Karim Kahariti, Reema Khalaf. Snbhieh Ma'ani, Ahmad Mango, Anis Monasher, Hanna Naddeh, Ali Abu Ragheh, Nawzat Shaker, Leila Sharaf and Khalid Sho-

Water and Irrigation to draw

long-term plans providing for-

establishing reservoirs and

earth dams in various parts of

the Kingdom as part of the

national water harvest prog-

Dr. Irsheidat, also speak-

ing to Petra, said there were

already several dam projects

such as Al Karameh Dam

which, built once, will have a

a project to increase the

capacity of Al Kafrein Dam

hy 4.6 million cubic metres,

Dr. Irsheidat also said that

there was an integrated de-

velopment project in south

Jordan, entailing the estab-

lishment of three dams which

would have a total capacity of

55 million cubic metres. He

said studies on the three

dams were in the final stages.

The ministry, said the

minister, is also working on

building reservoirs and earth

dams in valleys in Karak and

Mafraq governorates. Some

of these dams are currently

being constructed and work

on the rest will start in 1995,

One day, he promised, the

Ministry of Water and Irriga-

tion will be building dams in

most of the Kingdom's

ravines and gorges because of

the rising needs in view of the

he said.

The ministry is carrying out

total capacity of 55 mcm.

to extending the excellent

Gonzales' visit opens door for greater trade exchange between Jordan and Cuba

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Apart from reaffirming the strong rela-tions between Jordan and Cuba, this week's visit to Jordan hy Cuban Foreign Minister Roberto Gonzales also seemed to have opened the door for stepped up eco-nomic cooperation between the two countries.

Addresing a press conference marking a press contri-ence marking the end of his four-day visit, Mr. Gonzales, said his country wanted to exchange Jordanian phosphates and potash for Cuhan sugar. Jordan imports about \$50 million worth of sugar every year from various

Mr. Gonzales said Havana and Amman also saw strong possibilities in developing ecoperation in the pharmaceutical industry, another area where Cuha has acquired high reputation, as well as in tourism and agricul-

On Monday, Mr. Gonzales and Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Al Hassan signed an agreement calling for expanded technical and scientifie cooperation between Jordan and Cuha. The accord also calls for increased trade and economie relations.

Speaking in Spanish through an Arabic interpreter. Mr. Gonzales said a message he carried from President Fidel Castro to His Majesty King Hussein is an indication of the "strong personal relationship" between the two heads of states and nnderlined the "historie Cuhan support for Arah causes and relations with the Arab World."

"Cuba is looking forward

state of political relationship to economie cooperation," said Mr. Gonzales, in his early thirties and among the youngest of the world's foreign ministers.

Making his points with confidence and emphasis that belied his age, Mr. Gonzales said his socialist-oriented country was committed to introducing wide-sweeping economic reforms to make itelf more accessible to world markets and attract foreign investment.

"We are adjusting ourselves to the emering new world order," he said, adding that the Havana government would only retain control over the education and health sectors while opening up for

foreign capital.
Prime Minister Ahdul Salam Majali and Industry and Trade Minister Rima Khalaf aiso held talks with Mr. Gonzales, who extended an invitation to a Jordanian team of public and private sector representatives to visit Cuba to familiarise themseives with the "opportuni-

ties that the country offers.' On the political front, the Cuban minister, who visited Algiers, Tunisia and Lihya before arriving in Jordan and left for Egypt, said Havana considered the Jordanian-Israeli peace treaty signed on Oct. 26 as the "beginning of a new phase that would lead to comprehensive peace" in the Middle East.

Cuba hopes that the peace process would result in serving the Arah causes which Cuba has always supported, he said, obvisiouly mindful of Havana's relations with Palestinian groups which reject the peace process and the state of deadlock in negotiations between Syria and

►Gonzales said Cuha saw the autonomy accord signed between Israel and the Palestine Liberation (PLO) in September 1993 as the choice of the Palestinian people to determine the course

Mr. Gonzales criticised the United States, with whom Cuha has been at odds for several decades, for not inviting his country to a recent meeting of all American

of their future.

He said Cuha, the last holdout among the allies of the former Soviet Union, was a strong believer in bilateral relations based on the principle of respect for each other's views and non-interference in ther countries' internal

"We believe in dialogue and cooperation based on consistent policies and independence of countries," he said. "But the U.S. is against the idea of normalisation of relations" with Cuba.

"We may not agree one hundred per cent on many issues, hut we believe that respect of each other's views despite differences is key to developing relations between countries; he said.

Mr. Gonzales affirmed that Cnha, despite its alienation eansed hy a continuing American trade embargo and political isolation, was seeking to explain its position to the international community and to "bring more democracy to the United Nations.

He said his current Middle East visit, which came on the heels of visits of European. Asian and Latin American countries, was part of the Cuban effort to make itself felt on the international

arns tree By Rana-Husseini

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - With Christmas just around the corner, the Royal Society for the Conservation of Nature (RSCN) is on the look out for would be Christmas tree hunters and their lethal

The society recently launched a campaign to prevent cutting trees to use for Christmas decoration at homes and other public places. According to Salma Attiveh, director of finance and public relations at RSCN, more than 10,000 trees are felled in the Kingdom annually and about 200 around Christmas time.

"Cutting trees usually increases around Christmas time and we try to keep an eye on people trying to do this," Ms. Attiyeh told the Jordan Times. She added that the socie-

ty monitors six forests, and

of afforestation at the Ministry of Agriculture if we see someone trying to cut a fir tree." The six forests are: King

Hussein's, Queen Noor's, Abdul Hamid Sharaf's, Al Muqabeleen, Al Zab and "We have patrols that

monitor these forests all year round in an effort to minimise tree cutting," she Ms. Attiyeh urged people

to buy plastic trees "instead of destroying the nature." "Plastic trees are available in the market," she said.

Tree felling fines could reach up to JD 500, according to an official at the Department of Afforesta-

The official told the Jordan Times that there are patrols guarding forests in the Kingdom to deter any attempts at chopping trees.

we inform the department. "We find, many people around Christmas time trying to chop trees. We usually transfer them to the courts and they pay a fine," the official said

According to the official, Queen Alia International Airport Highway is the

"People usually go to the highway because it is long and its lined with pine and cypress trees on hoth

A confessed 54-year old man who tried to cut a tree during the Christmas season two years ago was caught and fined JD 20

"I went to Baqaa Refugee Camp at 9 p.m. and I cut a tree and put it in the trunk of my car. A few minutes later a patrol in a plain Ministry of Agriculture ear stopped and apprehended me," said the man who preferred anony-

Lacking rhetoric, abundant insight

By Ian Atalla

AMMAN - In the Arah World's professional circle of artists and literati, where verbal eloquence in expressing one's ideas and inspirations is such a prominent trademark of its members, Leila Kawash is a glaring exception.

The minutely crafted and detailed canvasses of this Iraqi artist speak of long hours of care and effort — effort which this year earned her a place along with 70 other women artists from the Middle East in "Forces of Change," an international exhibit which was held in Washington,

she conceived it, and, unlike so many of her well-polished peers, she is simply unable to articulate it. Or, at best, she can offer a few helpful but nonetheless frag-

reason that drove her towards art: "I just always loved to paint and draw, ever since I was little," she says. "And so, I always wanted to be an artist."

while Ms. Kawash was leading the Jordan Times through an impromptu tour of her work at the RCC. She had wanted to point out a newspaper clipping she had placed in the the midst of one of her more recently done canvasses, a swirling collage of paper and paint, hut was unable to locate it. "It appears it got covered up under-

cognisance about what they are doing, however, sometimes seems suspiciously

But in Ms. Kawash's case, she had stumbled into letting ber cat out of its hag without even having had the foresight or wiles to intentionally contrive it in the first place — unwittingly proving, as it were, without any realisation even, what others put so much effort into laying claim to. One work was a painting/collage of four young village girls, peering ont of their abayas amidst the surrounding lacework of pillars, arabesques and calligraphic patterns, so typical of much of the work on Ms. Kawash says she was struck hy a

saw their round little eyes, their seriousness before its time, and I wanted to capture that look." She cannot, however, remember from what particular country the youngsters are from — "Sudan, perhaps," she ventures.

What is the painting about? Beauty and innocence, or pain and despair? Ms. Kawash evidently feels more of the latter. "At first I thought how cute they looked," she says. "But later on it became more serious. I felt as if they were crying

However, the work is ambiguously serene enough that the artist has been able to use it on the cover of a Christmas card edition which she has published.

Then, there is a collage inspired by an antique copy of the Holy Koran form Yemen. "The stains on the paper of the pages" caught Ms. Kawash's eye at first. "They were very pretty... hut later ou, I came to feel that they were somehow

light

made of blood." The painting is just as free form as the thoughts which launched it, and is just as unsettling on closer inspection. The random, unaffected and unself-conscious frame of mind with which Ms. Kawash appears to approach her artwork, it seems, can unlock and open some unexpected

doors. The exhibit at the RCC, which opened on Dec. 17 under the patronage of Her Royal Highness Wijdan Ali, runs until

the volume of water rising to prompted the Ministry of increase in population. Government approves \$10.9m grant for cancer centre

Dr. Irsheidar said this had

AMMAN (Petra) — The Cahinet on Thesday approved a \$10.9 million grant from the Netherlands to finance the Amal Cancer Centre currently being built near the University of Jordan Hospital.

The grant represents 45 per cent of the total cost of building and equipping the centre.

The overall cost of the project was estimated at JD 17 million and the first year's operational cost at JD 4 mil-

The Cabinet approved the June 1992 earth summit char-ter which calls for the creation of national and regional programmes aimed at fightdesertification.

AMMAN (Petra) - The

Goethe Institute of Amman

Tuesday announced that a

Jordanian will for the first

The Cahinet authorised Na'im wins Goethe award

time win the Goethe golden medal. Institute director Dieter Glade announced at a press conference that this year's medal will be awarded to Dr. Laila Nai'm in appreciation of intellectual, cultural and social works in Jordan and Germany.

Jordan's U.N. Ambassador Adnan Abu Odeh to sign the charter on behalf of Jordan... A? its regular session yesterday the Cabinet also decided to raise to 15 per cent from 10 per cent the advance payment the government pays to contractors executing government projects. The de-cision includes the contractors who at the moment are huilding 30 schools financed through a JD 15.5 million

The Cabinet also approved the issuance of a licence to Sultan Al Hattab, a col-umnist writer in Al Ra'i daily, to issue a weekly magazine under the title of Al Uruba and granted Dal Al Sabeel publishing house a li-

Dr. Glade said Dr. Na'im is the fourth Arah but first Arah woman to win the medal. He said three Egyptian researchers had won the

award in the pest.

Dr. Na'im, who will receive the medal in the German city of Weimar, Goethe's hometown, voiced joy over winning the award and expressed hope that honouring her would constitute moral support for A take

weekly by Mr. Hamzeh Mansour, a member of Parliament and the Islamic Action Front. The licence was issued in 1993 to Hilmi Al Asmar, who, at the moment, is the Al Sabeel's chief editor. The Cahinet also appointed Mohammad Saeed

CORRECTION IN A story entitled "Boiler

explosion rocks chocolate

Ahu Nowar as Jordan's

ambassador to Switzerland

and pensioned Ambassador

Faleh Taweel.

factory" that appeared in yesterday's Jordan Times, the name and location of the factory were incorrectly stated. The correct name of the factory is Jordan Venus Factories Company and it is located near Marka Airport. Further, the owner of the factory, Rawan Siwady, tells us that the real cause of the explosion is still unknown and not as a Civil Defence official cited as "negligence in maintaining the boiler." The factory was not totally ruined and is now operating as usual, Ms. Siwady said.

Special to the Jordan Times

D.C. last February. But ask her to expound on the meaning of any one of her works now oo display at the Royal Cultural Centre (RCC), or how

mented recollections. Nor is she able to convey any profound

There was one incident which occurred

neath the paintstrokes as I was completing the collage," she said apologenically.
Chaos? Messiness? Or a refreshing lack of affectedness instead? Many of today's artists describe to critics how extensively random and unthought-ont their works are. The apparent apology for lack of

placed - as if the speaker is attempting to demonstrate in a sort of subliminal way that his/her work has somehow been touched by come bob band.

Bhutto sacks law minister

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ISLAMABAD (AFP) Pakistani Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto has sacked Law Minister Iqbai Haider after accusing himisinandling a multi-million dollar scandal involving several top opposition leaders, press reports said Tuesday.

An official statement said that Ms. Bhutto expressed dismay at the minister's performance during a cabinet meeting she chaired late Monday and asked for his resignation, the Associated Press of Pakistan (APP) reported.

But newspapers Tnesday maintained the real reason for the sacking was because the minister mishandled a case which allowed a jailed firebrand opposition MP Sheikh Rashid win a court order allowing him hack in parliament.

Mr. Rashid and several other opposition MPs were arrested two months ago on various charges, including possession of nnlicensed weapons and involvement in

Both the chairman of the Senate and Speaker of the Lower House ruled that until the deputies had been convicted by a court they should be allowed to attend parliamentary sessions.

But the rulings were ignored and the MPs were kept in jail leading to opposition claims that their cases were politically motivated. Mr. Haider insisted that the detained MPs should seek release orders for the cour They did so and Mr. Rashid and some others won their

Ms. Bhusto also blamed properly prepared the state's case against people involved in a scandal known as the -"cooperatives scam," official

of the accused on bail.

The cooperatives scandal — when former Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif was in power - after tens of thousands

They had put money in 300 cooperative societies, attracted hy offers of high interest rates. The societies were owned by influential

When she came to power last year Ms. Binntto pledged a full investigation into the

chairman of Ittefaq Foundaries, was arrested along with former Interior Minister Chaudhry Shujaat Hussain. But to the deep embarrassment of the government, the courts granted them bail. Mr. Sharif's father is accused of financial irregularities, including tax evasion.

transport system ground to a halt Tuesday as operators protested unrest here, which claimed five more lives overnight, and threatened to go on an indefinite strike if the

violence was not contained. The protest followed a transporters strike Sunday. which coincided with a simionce again towards becoming a police state. lar call hy a religious party, resulting in more than a dozen fatalities in a day of

Attendance was low at offices across the city as public transport shnt down. A spokesman from one trans-porter's group said 60 vehicles had been gutted in one week of unrest, and demanded compensation and pro-

Late Monday, one girl was shot dead during relatively low-intensity violence in various parts of the city. Her relatives claimed she was shot by police and paramilitary

troops. The incident followed Sunday's clash between police and residents of a predominantly Shiite district, where victims of the shooting claimed they were fired upon

hy paramilitary Rangers. One policeman was also killed Monday in the Korangi industrial area while three others were killed in random incidents,



Western journalists file a last report using a satelite telephone from the European Broadpacking up and leaving the city. Most foreign journalists have left the Chechen capital fol-

lowing warnings from the Russian government that Grozny would be bombarded unless the casting Union (EBU) base in Grozny before Chechens had laid down their arms (AFP photo)

The nightmare of Grozny

GROZNY, Russia (AFF) — Pula Magamyedova stands weeping in the snow, still wearing her slippers and dressing gown, after Russian planes reduced her home to a pile of rubble.

For the inhabitants of this rehel Caucasns capital. bombed five times overnight in an apparent terror campaign hy Moscow, the nightmare has only begun.

"I am on my own and haven't got anywhere to go. My four engineer's were killed in the explosion." the

ploded within 40 metres. Everything in the immedi-

ate vicinity is charred. Not a single window is intact at the Petrochemical Institute. more than 200 metres away. where bomb fragments hit its ninth floor.

Five hundred metres furth- not been paid her n er on, 20 houses have been salary and the Russian state

WARSAW (R) - Polish and

Belarussian Border Guards

exchanged shots at the

sian soldier was wounded, a

Polish spokesman said Tues-

day. The Border Guard spokes-

man said in a statement that a

Belarussian patrol had cros-

sed into Poland at around

midnight Sunday in con-

travention of agreements be-

Grodno had alerted their

Polish counterparts that some

people were crossing into the

area of Poland's densely-

forested Bialowieza National

NAZRAN, Russia (R) — The leader of the small ethnic

Republic of Ingushetia said the Kremlin might try to pun-ish his region after its resi-dents tried to stop the adv-

ance of Russian troops to neighbouring Chechenya.

Ruslan Aushev, speaking to reporters in his capital

Nazran, also said Russia's

approach to the Chechenya

crisis meant it was heading

has considered us to be the

allies of Chechenya," he said.

"We are expecting a negative

Since Dec. 11, Moscow

Belarussian authorities in

tween the two countries.

Polish, Belarussian border

guards exchange shots

damaged and five reduced to

In a radius of 300 metres there is nothing hut ruhhle and an enormous crater. Some bombs left holes more than four metres (12 feet)

There is a smell of gas everywhere and three jets are still hurning from a runtured pipeline.

The terrified children ran out into the night with almost nothing on. The women were shouting, the children crying, said Ruslan erying," said Ruslan Ismailov, who lives in the area.

"It's us, the inhabitants of this town, who are their 'strategie targets'." Nadejda Odinssova says, as artillery fire is heard coming over

Since Monday evening, she has taken refuge in an anti-air raid shelter.

There are still a dozen women, children and old men among the boxes and blankets in the shelter. They are afraid to go out and rely on others to hring in food and other essential supplies. There are 100,000 Rus-

sians left in the town and they don't give a damn. We haven't got anywhere else to go," Lyudmilla Bessaraboya says, hugging her frightened" against her.

For the past year she has

Park southeast of Bialystock.

the frontier a Polish guard

patrol moving to halt a group of persons crossing the bor-

der was fired on by them with

a machinegun," the spokes-

man said. The patrol leader

It turned out that the shots

had come from four Belarus

soldiers who admitted cros-

sing the frontier in pursuit of

their quarry, added the state-

fired back '

Agency (PAP).

"About 200 metres from

owes her millions of rubles. family outside Grozny, she

"It is worse than in 1942. even the German planes did not bomh us like this," said one angry old man. "They are fascists of the first order. They are finally showing their true colours to the entire world," adds his neighbour. Magomed Astramirov, a man of 70.

"What have we taken from them that is so important that they should react with such savagery?" he asks.

The men are worked up into a fury over the carnage of civilians, Russian President Boris Yeltsin, the pilots of the planes, whose names they say they will find out. and the whole world for not taking "little Chechenya" seriously.

In Grozny's main hospital. surgeon Boris Kadero is angry, too, as he goes from ward to ward showing reporters the injured.

He had to carry out several amputations and has very litle resources to look after his patients. The rooms icy cold, each heated only by one tiny electric radiator.

Tanya Titanov bursts into tears. Her mother is critically infured. She covered her eight-year-old daughter danghter with her body to protect her on Sunday night when the Russian planes hombed their homes near the television tower.

Taiwan governor

for 79 newly-elected Taiwan Provincial Assembly memhers, however, was less peaceful as opposition deputies protested and disrupted the ceremony.

James Soong, pledging ethnic harmony, social justice, equal opportunity and good living quality, became the first elected Taiwan's governor after the inauguration in the central city of

Mexico rebels defy Chiapas truce

GUADALUPE TEPEYAC, Mexico (R) — Rebels in the southern state of Chiapas issenched widespread troop movements and civil actions that threatened to explode into violence.

The Zapatista National Liberation Army said in a news conference that thousands of its rebel troops had slipped from their jungle strongholds into army-occupied territory and were peacefully occupying areas around 38 munici-

Chiapes officials confirmed that eight highway blockades had been thrown up around the state by peasant groups, but stopped short of saying the groups were Zapatistas. They also said the rebels cinims of widespread occupations were false.

An armed group of peasants moved into the town of Simojovel 50 kilometres north of San Cristobal De Las Casas and set fire to the town hall, witnesses and govemment officials said

In San Cristobal, Catholic Bishop Samuel Ruiz began a hunger strike aimed at preventing fighting, but said in a statement that Monday's events "showed our state and our country stiding down the slope to war and irreversible

Rebel leader Snbcomandante Marcos told reporters in this rebel-beld town that even though thousands of his troops had broken through the military corduit surrounding their positions, they intended to observe a ceasefire that began on Jan.

"Onr units infiltrated themselves through the enemy lines with the sim of avoiding armed clashes... there were no clashes in strict compliance with the ceaseline which is being maintained

with regard to these troops," Comm. Marcos said.

The rebels rose up in arms in Chianas last Jan. 1 to press for deep-rooted political and social changes in the state. which is one of Mexico's poorest,

They retreated to the junge after 11 days of fighting. onr emerged Monday nearly one year later — tell-ing sympathetic residents of the occupied municipalities they were digging in "to resist possible government attack."

A large swath of eastern

Chiapes has been under Zapatista control in an uncasy peace that has held since the ceasefire began. But the army had slowly surrounded the rebeis and, by Comm. Marcos' own admission, was in a position to crush them unlitarily.

Chiapas Interior Minister Eracila Zepeda, in an interview with television news programme Eco. described the actions as only "a peaceful movement" more political than military.

"It would be a gigantic

Forces head for Chiapas

SEVERAL hundred Mexican government troops were headed Tuesday towards the Chiapas town of Simojovel which has been occupied by armed peasants thought to be hinked to Zapatista rebels, a

Reuter witness said. A Reuters reporter said the column of about 30 vehicles included trucks, two light tanks, an ambulance and jeeps mounted with heavy machine guns.

error to think that this is the beginning of a conflagration," he said.

At the same time, government officials in Mexico City moved quickly to play down the events in Chiapas, saying only 665 people were involved in the blockades and another 120 - 20 of them armed - in the taking of Simojovel.

"Without doubt, this is not Jan. 1," said a government spokesman, referring to the New Year's Day uprising by the Zapatistas in which they took over several Chianas towns and touched off fighting in which at least 145 people died.
Officials in several Chiapas

towns said to be occupied reported no violence. They told Reuters the rebels had put up nearby roadblocks, out there were no further signs of trouble. A military commander in

the conflict zone told Reuters he had no anthorisation to fight the rebels if shooting started.

Comm. Marcos told reporters the Zapatistas, who launched their rebellion in the name of greater democracy and indigenous rights, re-jected a peace initiative from President Espesto Zedillo who proposed last week the formation of a multi-party congressional commission to negotiate an end to the Chiapas conflict.

Comm. Marcos said conditions for talks included the resignation of ruting party Chiapes Governor Eduardo Robledo, whom the rebels my won election in August through froad, and the cretion of a peace commission led by Bishop Ruiz. Comm. Marcos said shortly after Mr. Robledo took office on Dec. 1 that renewed fighting was "Janainent."

assembly by arresting anyone

involved in political opposi-

tion activities," the report

Regarding Aung San Sun

Kyi, now in her sixth year of

house arrest, the group said it was concerned her widely-

publised meetings with junta

leaders "may be simply an attempt by the SLORC to

Ethnic minorities continue

to suffer from human rights

violations, in the context of

both the junta's operations

against armed opposition

groups and its work on large

tions include extrajudicial

killings, torture and ill-treat-

ment, forced porter duty for

the (army), forced unpaid

labour on construction pro-

jects, and forced relocation

of villages," the report said.

ongoing national convention

to draft a new constitution of

tailoring provisions to ex-

clude the possibility of Aung

San Sun Kyi becoming presi-

dent. Delegates were not

allowed to discuss provisions

Amnesty International also

noted reports that solidarity

groups formed nationwide

were merely a front for the

SLORC, and that participa-

tion was "not spontaneous."

It accused Rangoon's

"Such human rights viola-

construction projects.

bility."

Aguino daughter lover declare their love

MANILA (AFP) - The un-

prot.

wed daughter of former President Corazon Aquino, Kris Aquino, 23, and her live-in lover, movie star Philip Salvador, 45, declared their love for each other in a television show aired here. But the two did not make any direct references to Kris Aquino being three-months pregnant by Salvador, who is married to another woman who has given him three children. The two made the declaration before a panel of showbiz columnists in Kris Aquino's weekly television gossip show, called 'Acmally...' it was their first public appearance together since her pregnancy grahbed beadlines throughout the nation last week. Although the show dealt mostly with Salvador's movie plans, when asked about his love life, Salvador said, "We all know this, I love Kris." The youngest Aquino daughter replied, "Of course, the feeling is very much mutual." However, the two of them insisted that the talk should focus on Salvador's movie career and not on their relationship. "We are both trying to put our lives in order," Kris Acuino said. When asked about what had changed for him this year, Salvador said he realised "how sweet it is to love and be loved by the one you love." When Salvador was asked about what Christmas gift he would give Kris Aquino, she interjucted, "He has already given me the best gift I could possibly ask for," although she did not elaborate. The two became a couple when they co-starred in a movie together earlier this year, Former President Aquino; a devout Roman Catholic, strongly disapproves of her daughter's relationship with Salvador and has cut off all contact to her once-favourite child.

New York offers toys for guns

NEW YORK (AFP) -- New York authorities launched Monday their second Christmas "Toys For Guns" drive. boping to curb the number of guis on the streets of the U.S. metropolis during the holiday season. Gun owners have until Dec. 25 to turn in their weapons at various police stations in the city and receive a \$100 gift certificate that can be used to purchase? toys, watches, clothes or food. Some 3,200 guns were turned in last year's cam-paign, which New York police decided to extend it until Jan. 6 because of its success. The New York campaign has prompted several other U.S. cities to follow suit and other gifts at Christmas to gun owners who relinquish their arms.

Bored after exams, schoolbov robs bank

LONDON (R) — A British schoolboy, bored with waiting for his examination results, robbed his neighbourhood bank to pass the time. Newspapers reported Tuesday that Jamie Insole, 18, was sentenced to eight years in prison for robbery and would not be able to take up his place at the University of Wales, carned by his examination success. He dressed up in combat gear and armed himself with an imitation World War II pistol before robbing a bank near his home in Cardiff, South Wales in July. He was arrested after being tackled by two passers. by, the court in Cardiff heard nt Monday's hearing. "He has only a tenuous grip on reality and was going through an emotional crisis about his future," defence counsel told the court.

Japanese makes

TOKYO (R) - Japanese police have arrested a 22.

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Harris Harris

Amnesty sees no improvement in Burma international human rights freedom of expression and

BANGKOK (AFP) -Amnesty international, renewing its call for the immediate release of all prisoners of conscience in Burms, has said it sees no significant improvement in the human rights situation in that country.

In a 24-page report received here Tuesday, the London-based beman rights monitor said there had been no fundamental change in (Burma's) attitude towards respecting the basic human rights of its citizens."

It expressed concern that "certain well-publicised events," such as opposition leader Aung San Sun Kyi's meetings with a U.S. congressman and members of the ruling junta, "should not draw attention away from ongoing human rights viola-

It referred to serious health problems among detainees as well as incidents of ill treat-

immediately and uncon-ditionally released, a full list of detainees be published and that proper medical attention be provided to all prisoners. It also called for commutation of death sentences, release to civilian forced by the military to work as unpaid laborers or porters and grantand humanitarian bodies. "Whereas the SLORC took a number of tentative

steps to indicate to the international community a willingness to address the human rights situation in Myanmar, it at the same time reinforced its repressive hold within the country," Amnesty International said.

Myanmar is the official name of Burms. The ruling junta is known as the State Law and Order Restoration Council (SLORC).

The report acknowledged the officially reported release of more than 2,000 political prisoners since 1992, hnt stated that political detention continues to be a major tool of repression used by the SLORC." Hundreds of political pris-

oners arrested since the prodemocracy movement began in 1988, including 28 members of the 1990 parliamentelect which was never scated, remained in detention, it re-

At least 60 students and perhaps as many as 200 were arrested at December 1991 demonstrations seeking the release of Aung San Suu Kyi. Forty-six were known to have been given jail terms ranging between six and 20 years.

The SLORC continues to

intimidate its citizens and discourage them from exercising their fundamental rights to

one of the growing number in

freely, it added.

Faucheux says part of the problem has been that Mr. Clinton has been unable to link himself to the country's economic success and blames a humbling White House communications staff and a

With Republicans poised to block any major White House legislation, the economic boom likely to top out and an electorate uninterested in foreign policy initiatives, many analysts are advising Mr. Clinton to focus

He also needs to overcome his perceived leadership deficit, something he can do only if he puts politicking aside, according to Mr. Van

not going to roll over and play dead. I've got nothing more to lose here." he said

Clinton leadership deficit seen after roller-coaster year

As President Bill Clinton prepares for the second half of his term, he needs a miracle to live up to his title of the "comeback kid" of American politics after a roller-coaster year on the domestic and foreign policy front. "My rule for the next two

gress in over 40 years.

Mr. Clinton's decline began early in the year.

ary's lucrative commodity investments. Mr. Clinton was hriefly

buoyed by the enactment of the North American Free the passage of his hudget in

amplifying charges that Mr. Clinton was a waffler and ultimately leaving thousands of boat people in limbo at a makeshift refugee camp in Guantanamo Bay.

took to the seas en masse in August, prompting Mr. Clinton to reverse the longstanding U.S. policy of granting almost immediate refugee Communist regime.

reform — was pronounced dead in October. Mr. Clinton's approval raiings meanwhile dropped

steadily, particularly on foreign policy. The Bosnian conflict in particular damaged Mr. Clinton's credibility and in May he conceded he had "underestimated the difficulty of putting together a coalition"

on the crisis.

But then North Korea agreed to convert its nuclear reactors suspected of producing bombs, the Haitian military stepped aside, averting a U.S. invasion and Jordan and Israel signed an historic peace agreement as a trium-

appeared to take refuge from his domestic headaches as the Nov. 8 midterm elections

Mr. Clinton around, however, and prompted him to jump on the conservative band wagon. He announced he would increase defence spending. voiced support for prayer in

public schools and sacked his controversial surgeon general who suggested masturbation should be included in state school sex education. Mr. Clinton capped his move to the right on Dec. 15 proposing to cut taxes for the

the president's hand was forced by the Republicans' campaign promises of tax The move also resurrected the "Slick Willie" label depicting Mr. Clinton as an

Mr. Clinton's party who are urging him not to stand again

nearly all his campaign promises, reducing the deficit. creating johs and making health care a priority even though it was political suicide.

But political analysi Ron surfeit of had press.

on his tarnished image.

Dyk. "Clinton's got to say 'I'm

frail 68-year-old woman told AFP, her eyes hrimming with tears. Russian authorities have ρı said they bombed only !gitimate strategic targets in their bid to hring the breakaway Chechen Republic to heel. But of the five Russian Ms. Bhutto was furious with Mr. Haider and repribombs which fell in the heart manded him for mishandling of Grozny, none hit strategie the issue, the independent daily The Nation said. It said The hridge across the river the law minister had now Sunga, 300 metres from the been made a "scapegoat" in presidential palace of indethe affair. pendence leader Dzhokhar Dudayev, was missed Mr. Haider for not having although three bombs ex-

> sources said. A court has released some

of depositors lost about 20 hillion rupees (\$750 million).

people in Pakistan. Names of top leaders were mentioned in connection with the scam. Ms. Bhutto, who was then opposition leader, alleged that the Ittefaq Foundaries owned by Mr. Sharif's family had benefited. But a judicial commission appointed by Mr. Sharif ex-

onerated the family industry.

scandal Mr. Sharif's father, who is

Meanwhile, Karaehi's

shooting in this port city.

reaction from Russia. Our borders will be shut. There will be provocations." At least five Ingushis were killed on Dec. 11 when Russian troops, sent to end tection from the government. Chechen President Dzhokhar Dudayev's three-year rebelhon against Moscow, shelled

a village where residents tried to stop their advance. Last Saturday, six days after the operation began, Russian troops opened fire withont warning on three cars carrying Chechen refugees through a checkpoint on the Ingush border.
Nine people were killed

> has acknowledged that the armed forces were in the "I have told the prosecutor general to open criminal pro-

ceedings into this case."

and a senior Russian officer

Lankans and seven Bangladeshis, he said. **Ingush leader says Moscow** may punish his people

> Aushev said. "The servicemen were drunk. We found

> syringes with traces of drugs on the scene." The Russian troops cleared away the evidence quickly and by Sunday afternoon, only a few shards of glass and a discarded car hattery marked the scene.

> Mr. Aushev said Russian troops were merciless in their dealings with the local population.
> "All the Russian armed formations stationed here evidently have instructions to

> apply brutal pressure on the population," he said. Mr. Aushev, an army neral, fought in the Soviet Union's 10-year Afghan campaign — as did Gen. Dudayev and Russian Defence Minister Pavel

> Grachev. He said the Russian military operations signalled a dramatic change in Moscow's post-Soviet domestic policies. "We think we are now seeing the first signs that the

> country is moving towards totalitarianism," he said. "If a state cannot solve its problems through talks and has to use force, it is doomed." But Mr. Aushey ruled out proclaiming Ingushetia inde-

Mr. Aushev, elected pres-

ident in February, said he was discussing with other re-

gional leaders.

sworn in TAIPEI (AFP) - Taiwan's

first-ever elected governor was sworn in to his new post. Tuesday in a historic and peaceful inanguration ceremony that ushered in a new democratic era on this island.

The swearing-in ceremony

ment to the Polish News Polish troops later detained 24 Somalis, 14 Sri

ment by authorities. The report asked that all prisoners of conscience he

ing of full and free access to

WASHINGTON (AFP) -

years will be conntry first and politics-as-usual dead last." Mr. Clinton announced last week in a national address. Politics were not kind to Mr. Clinton in 1994, when he became the first Democratic president to face a Republican-controlled Con-

First came renewed attention to allegations he sexually harassed a state worker while he was Arkansas governor. followed by an intensified serutiny of his failed Whitewater land deal and questions about his wife Hill-

Trade Agreement in January. March and the continuing parade of good economic fi-

But by midyear the crisis in

Haiti had triggered a series of

These were soon joined by Cuban asylum seekers, who

status to those fleeing the And though Mr. Clinton won a legislative victory with the passage of a tough anticrime bill, the centerpiece of his presidency — health care

phant Clinton looked on. policy changes on refugees. These foreign policy coups and the ratification of GATT gave Mr. Clinton new stature and sent him on whirlwind tours ahroad, where he

The sobering defeat of his party in November brought

middle class, only to find that while Americans welcomed the offer, a majority believed

nntrastworthy political opportunist devoid of convictions who changes with the wind.

"He has no base in the electorate. He has no clearcut ideology," said Democratie consultant Ted Van Dyk.

in 1996. The White House has been haffled hy this view, frequently stressing that the president has delivered on

Disgruntled 3.000 calls to dentist

year-old unemployed man who made 3,000 harmsing telephone calls to his dentist over a one-month period because he was dissatisfied with treatment of a decayed tooth. A police spokesman saw Tuesday that Nobuyuki Takei started the harassing calls, during which he got the dentist on the line and then remained silent, on Nov. 14 after treatment last May. The dentist has agnored me complaint that his treatment caused scrious damage to my health. the apokesman quoted Takei as telling police after he was arrested

SEOUL (R) — North Korean and U.S. military officers held a fruitless horder meeting Tuesday 10 discuss the return of an airman captured after his U.S. army helicopter was downed in North Korea

T-MBER 21, 1984

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During the 35-minute meeting at the hamles of Panmunjom the tense inter-Korean border, the North Koreans refused 10 discuss details of the incident or the pilot's possible repatriation, a U.S. military spokesman in Seoul said.

Our side asked for a prompt return of the helicopter and its crew," the spokesman said.

The North Koreans withheld any immediate response and said information concerning the incident will be made available once an investigation is over " he said.

He said the two sides were expected to meet again "soon" to discuss repatriation of the pilot and other issues related to the helicopter downing.

Tuesday's talks, attended by two middle-level officers from each side, were the first formal discussions of the incident between the two sides.

U.S. Congressman Bill Richardson has been in Pyongyang negotiating for the release of the crewmen oo behalf of President Bill Clinton. He was scheduled to meet North Korean government officials Tuesday.

North Korean officers Monday rejected a U.S. request to begin talks on the border, saying their lead-ership still had to complete investigation into the incident.

South Korea's Yonhap News Agency quoted a North Korean diplomat at the United Nations as saying Pyon-gyang would release the pilot if the incident stemmed from a navigation error, as Washington says.

"Isn't it natural to return the pilot if it is confirmed (the helicopter) entered the airs-

pace because of a deviation from the flight route?" the diplomat was quoted as

saying. North Korea said it shot down the South Korea-based helicopter over its territory, killing Chief Warrant Officer David Hilemon and capturing Chief Warrant Officer Bobby Hall. The Pennagon says it has not been able 10 confirm whether the craft was shor down or made an

emergency landing.

A U.S. defence official said the OH-58 reconnaissance helicopter had mistakenly sped low over the Korean border Saturday and the crew thought they were still in South Korea minutes before they went down.

In response, the Pentagon announced immediate tight restrictions on all U.S. helicopter flights near the Korean border and said broad investigations of helicopter training and navigation aids had been ordered.

Yonhap quoted the North Korean diplomat as saying North Korean forces shot down the helicopier after the crew ignored warning shots.

"The helicopter was downed by one shot as it did not land, turned southward and tried to cross the military demarcation line (border), the diplomat was quoted as

saying.
"This is a question of the (North Korean) People's Army's defence.

A Pentagon spokesman said he had no information on whether warning shots were fired and if so, how the pilots reacted.

The United States bas demanded North Korea turn over the crewmen. Mr. Clinton said Monday that Mr. Richardson, a New Mexico Democrat who arrived in Pyongyang on a previously scheduled trip just after the incident, was "doing a very fine job" representing America's interests in the matter.

"It's a high priority. We're working on it and we are

China



going to do our best to resolve it," the president said in response to questions during a White House budget brief-

Yellow Sea

Stu Nagurka, a spokesman in Washington for Mr. Ricbardson, said he spoke to him by telephone about 1700 GMT Monday.

"He said that discussions are continuing with a full series of sessions set for Tuesday." Mr. Nagurka said.

The incident has threatened to disrupt a U.S. agreement with the Stalinist North under which Pyongyang agreed to suspend its nuclear programme in return for Western aid for nonthreatening nuclear technology and improved relations with Washington.

State Department spokes-man Mike McCurry said U.S.

ambassador-at-large Robert Gallucci, who negotiated the pact, had sent a message to his North Korean counterpart, First Vice Foreign Minister Kang Sok-Ju, urging the return of the surviving pilot and the body of the other crewman.

Korea

Pusan.

Mr. McCurry said there had been no explicit threat to hold up the nuclear deal over the incident. Washington is due to deliver oil to North Korea in the next few weeks to compensate it for energy lost from its shut-down nuclear reactor.

A senior State Department official, who asked not to be identified, said the United States had not "directly drawn any linkage" to the accord, but added: "Perhaps the North Koreans will subliminally get the message."

N. Korea, U.S. end fruitless talks on downed pilot | Carter announces ceasefire in Bosnia from Dec. 23

PALE, Bosnia (R) — U.S. mediator Jimmy Carter said Bosnian Serbs agreed Tuesday to begin a ceasefire throughout Bosnia from Dec.

Mr. Carter, who met Bos-nian Serb leader Radovan Karadzic and army commander General Ratko Mladic in Pale, said the ceasefire would be monitored by U.N. peacekeepers and extend to the Muslim enclave of Bihac in northwest Bosnia which is under Serb attack.

Mr. Karadzic said Gen. Mladic watched as Mr. Carter told reporters: "The most significant achievement this morniog was the Bosnian Serb leaders... agreed to a complete ceasefire throughout Bosnia... to be implemented... on Dec. 23."

He said it would be "monitored by U.N. forces along all lines of confrontation, by a cessatioo of all hostile activi-

Bosnian President Alija Izetbegovic told Mr. Carter earlier that government forces would accept an immediate ceasefire for four

Mr. Carter believed he had agreed a ceasefire with Mr. Karadzic in nine hours of talks Monday. He returned to Pale when Mr. Karadzic said on CNN television later that he agreed only to explore the possibility of a ceas-

Mr. Izetbegovic told reporters he agreed with Mr. Carter to accept a fourmonth ceasefire at once and negotiations "based on (Serb) acceptance of (a big power) contact group peace plan as the starting point."

The Bosnian government

signed the peace plan last summer when it was presented on a "take it or leave it" basis which the Bosnian

Serbs rejected. The plan would give 51 per cent of Bosnia to a federation of Muslims and Croats and the rest of Serbs who now control 70 per cent of the

former Yugoslav republic. While Mr. Karadzic bas signalled he is ready to start talks about a settlement on the basis of the plan, be made clear the Serbs want to rewrite it extensively to take account of their territorial, economic and security demands.

Bosoian Vice-President Ejup Ganic said he warned Mr. Carter that the Serbs wanted to wreck the peace plan and added:

"Our major concern was that we start with this plan and build oo it. We understand that Kardzic wants to start with the peace plan and then to destroy it. Maybe some changes are possible later on by mutual adjustments, by mutual agreements.

Fears that Mr. Carter might undermine the plan with his private diplomacy have been central to fears among some of the big power peace group — the United states, Russian, Britain, France and Germany — about the outcome of bis mis-

was also worried about the propaganda effect of his visit to former Yngoslavia at Mr. Karadzic's invitation. Mr. Carter was rebuked by

the White House for telling the Bosnian Serbs their cause

was misunderstood in the outside world when it hlamed them for aggression. The Serbs definitely scored by having him there,

Mr. Ganic said. Bosnia's Muslims have sustained most of the 200,000 dead in the war and have been driven from their homes across wide swathes of east-

ern and northern Bosnia. Mr. Karadzic said be anted to trade the remaining Muslim enclaves surrounded by Serbs in eastern Bosnia - Srebrenica. Gorazde and Zepa - for Serb possessions he no longer wants elsewoere in the coun-

Muslims were a majority in eastern Bosnia when the war started in response to Bosnia's declaration of independence which was opposed by Serbs, a third of the popula-

Mr. Carter emerged from his first round of talks with Mr. Karadzic confident that he bad forged a groundbreaking agreement that had eluded official mediators, including a ceasefire offer.

He was quickly contradicted by Mr. Karadzic who told CNN television the ceasefire was only a possibility to be explored.

"Generally speaking, we have told the Muslims we don't want any more ceasefires, we want an end to the war and not breaks for them to recover," Mr. Karadzic The Bosnian government

"We can't stop our military activities until we get an hostilities," he added.

agreement on the cessation of Mr. Carter was expected to travel to Belgrade later in the

day to meet Serbian Presi-

two o'clock. We all know

how bullfights begin bri, not

how they are going to era,"

cabinet spokesman Giuliano"

Ferrara, the minister for rela-

tions with parliament, told

Luigi Petrini, parliamen-

tary leader of the Northern League, retorted: "Come off

it. Bullfights almost always

end with the bull being kil-

one of the three non-

confidence motioos in tan-

sented by the communist re-

The other two were pre-

dem with the PPI.

reporters.

dent Slobodan Milosevic snpports the peace plar has renounced his fo

Bosnian Serb allies. Meanwhile fifty pe vere wounded in the v of Klokot in the northwe Bihac enclave in rocke plosions Monday, Bo

radio reported. The radio said the Bo Serbs fired two rockets: village east of Bihac t where the water rest

supplying the town is loc Thirty of the 50 casu were severely wounded the village was almost pletely destroyed, the

Major Koos Sol, a spe man for the U.N. Prote Forces (UNPROFOR) firmed one exclosion. projectile exploded in the

was it exactly," Maj. Sol Another UNPRO spokesman, Michael nams, said several roo had hit Klokot. The could not confirm the I ber of casualties.

Bosnian radio said some 500 people had killed in the last six wee the Serb offensive on Bihac pocket, including 160 children. A further

were wounded. Michael Williams said lier that four tank shellone 120mm mortar shel on Bihac town, at the c of a 80-square-kilon U.N.declared safe area which the Serb attackers advanced.

Mr. Williams said was as yet no indication ? day evening as to how r lives the bombardment

Kohl flirts with Greens but sticks to FDP

BONN (R) - Chancellor Helmut Kohl Tuesday praised the once-radical Greeos, a party he decried as dangerous ooly months ago.

In the latest sign of shifting patterns in German politics, the Christian Democrat (CDU) leader told the popular Bild daily he shared some of the Greens' basic values and saw no reason to treat their deputies as enemies.

Mr. Kohl's comments on the Greens were his kindest vet since the October general election set off a slow realignment of forces in Germany's coalition-oriented politics.

"Some Greens have a vi-sion that I like," Mr. Kohl said of the Bonn party most openly opposed to NATO and nuclear energy.

"As a man of conservative values, I stand on the side of those who say our generation does not have the right to exploit the environment to the detriment of our children and grandchildren," he told

Mr. Kohl ruled out any link with the Greens in Bonn and did not see his hardpressed Free Democrat (FDP) allies collapsing and

endangering his coalition. He said: "It's absolute nonsense to call for the pallbearers."

But his furtive glances to the left, published under the headline "What I like about attention in Bonn.

The October vote left Mr. Kohl with only a 10-seat majority and put the spotlight on three small parties in par-

The small Free Democrat (FDP) party, his coalition allies since 1982, lost heavily while the Greens advanced and East Germany's reform communist PDS beat the

odds to return. Fearing the FDP's decline could continue, the conservative CDU has soddenly discovered the Greens have matured since their early flowerpower days and could be fu-

ture partners. Feeling snubbed, some FDP leaders turned around and found good things to say about the opposition Social Democrats (SPD).

Caught in the middle, the SPD has started criticising the Greens, a party many members still consider a "natural ally," and edging closer to Mr. Kohl on ecooomic and foreign policy.

East German Social Democrats, in a trend frowned on by the national party, bave starting moving the Greens," attracted more"u cautiously to work inlore with the reform communist Party of Democratic Socialism

(PDS). ing the Greens normally and versus-foe' relationship,"

Mr. Kohl said. He even admitted to applauding some speeches by Green deputies, an act of symbolic aisle-crossing unheard of when Mr. Kohl's majority was 134 seats strong and the political fault lines were clearly drawn.

Excited talk in the media about a possible "blackgreen" coalition, as a CDU-Green link is called in Bonn's political jargon, seems to have helped both parties in

opinion polls.

ZDF Television's monthly Politbarometer poll, by the electoral research group, said last week that both CDU and Greens advanced a point while SPD and FDP fell by

Speculation about Mr. Kohl's coalition has also heated up in Bonn because of a raucous FDP congress last

week.
The luckless FDP leader Klaus Kinkel, who is also Mr. Kobl's foreign minister, almost quit in desperation at the party's embarrassing los-"I have no problem treat- ses during the 1994 voting

marathon. The FDP, which failed to win the necessary five per cent in nine polls before clearing the burdle in the general election, faces two make-or-break state votes next year. Defeat could prompt the party to pull out

of government. All this movement in Bonn has upset the CDU's Bavarian sister party, the con-servative Christian Social Union (CSU), which bas stopped its usual FDPbashing to warn Mr. Kohl against considering any link

with the Greens. "The CSU and Greens are like fire and water, there is no path that can lead us together," CSU Secretary General Erwin Huber told the magazine Der Spiegel this

Military chiefs study U.N. Bosnia plans

THE HAGUE (R) — Military chiefs of countries with peacekeeping forces in Bosnia met Tuesday to finalise proposals to repair a shattered U.N. mission and help it carry oot bumanitarian work as a third winter of war grips the land.

General Bertrand De Lapresle, commander of the U.N. Protectioo Force (UN-PROFOR), told reporters the plans were not intended to transform the force into a

tough military operation.
"What we need most of all is more help for our humanitarian work," he said oo arrival for the second day of a two-day meeting.

He declined to give details of the plans designed to stop weeks of Serb harassment of peacekeepers, including attacks and hostage-taking, which have demoralised the lightly-equipped force and prompted calls for a complete vithdrawal.

Vitaly Churkin, Russia's envoy to Brussels, the seat of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO), also attended the meeting.

Moscow is a key member of the five-country big power group trying to negotiate a peace settlement but has often differed with other members - the United States, France, Britain and Germany — over policy towards Serbs.

Mr. Churkin said the military chiefs had considered several detailed plans for im-proving UNPROFOR's op-

"Yes of course, we have a number of concrete mea-sures," Mr. Churkin said. NATO defence heads examined plans Monday to strengthen the force and prevent a collapse that would damage peacekeeping operations worldwide.

On Tuesday, they were joined by non-NATO countries contributing to UN-PROFOR in Bosnia. The meeting was expected

to endorse several proposals and send them to national capitals and the United Nations for approval.

The plans include sending

more equipment, combining small groups of peacekeepers into larger units to make them less vulnerable, and the opening of an aid corridor from the Adriatic to Sarajevo.

The Dntch chief of defence staff, General Henk Van Den Breemen, told reporters after Monday's meeting the talks had focused on ways to im-prove UNPROFOR's effectiveness within the existing U.N. mandate.

Scalfaro urges calm in Italian showdov tions. "The bullfight begins at

ROME (R) - Italian Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi will address parliament Wednesday at the start of a two-day no-confidence debate that is widely expected to bring down bis stormy seven-month-old govern-

Party leaders in the Chamber of Deputies set the timetable for the showdown as President Oscar Luigi Scalfaro, the ultimate arbiter in Italian politics, appealed for calm in one of the worst political crises to batter the country for 20 years.

Mr. Berlusconi, facing three no-confidence motions, said Monday night that bis supporters would take to the streets in a "great tide" of protest if he is toppled and called for fresh elections as fast as possible.

His remarks drew angry protests from the opposition, which accused the billionaire businessman of inciting insur-

"What is this? A dress rehearsal for civil war?" asked Rocco Buttiglione, leader of the centrist Popular Party Mr. Berlusconi will address the lower house at 1300 GMT

Wednesday, with voting like-

ly Friday morning after an expected 22 hours of debate

on the three separate mo-

foundation party and the main opposition Democratic Party of the Left (PDS), which has submitted a similar motion to the Senate. "Nunc est bibendum,"

(now is the time to drink a toast], the League's combative leader Umberto Bossi told reporters Monday night, quoting the same Latin phrase media mogul Berlusconi used on his path to triumph in general elections

last March. Mr. Bossi says he has 325 of the 630 chamber votes, more than the absolute

majority of 316 needed oust Mr. Berlusconi. He wants a broad-b

administration involving PPI and the ex-comm PDS to replace Mr. Berli ni's ceotre-right governt and lead Italy to instituti and electoral reform.

His project, branded a rayal of voters Ly Mr. Bc coni, threatens to split norhtern-based party

State radio said 45 Le parliamentarians, mem The federalist League, the of the Chamber and the ally-turned-enemy in Mr. Berlusconi's crumbling fiveate, had refused to back party coalition, has submitted whether they would

against or abst in. The group, which incl Interior Minister Rob Maroni, is more than quarter of the 162 Les puties and senators most commentators beliit was not enough to aver

government's downfall. Mr. Berlusconi, owner \$7 billion a year m empire, stormed to vic: last March at the head "Freedom Alliance" c tion with the League in north and the far r National Alliance in cer.

and southern Italy. He told Italians Moi night that his overth would betray voters and ! victory to the losers of

Mandela rebuffed in bid to shape ANC ruling body

BLOEMFONTEIN, South branding it as undemocratic. Africa (AFP) — Members of the African National Con-gress (ANC) have rebuffed a bid by President Nelson Mandela to make the ruling party's Executive Council more representative of South Africa's diverse population, ANC officials said Tuesday.

Speaking on the fourth day of a five-day ANC national congress, ANC member Kader Asmal said delegates rejected Mr. Mandela's proposal to hand-pick the 60 National Executive Committee (NEC) members to ensure that the decision-making body represents all segments

of the population. Mr. Asmal told journalists that Mr. Mandela's proposal had been withdrawn and the procedure for nominating the 60 candidates Tuesday would "proceed as normal," with proposals being made from the floor and elections held

afterwards. Mr. Mandela's initiative, detailed in the Star newspaper Tuesday, included the creation of a six-member special committee appointed by the president to influence ethnic, racial, gender and regional balance in the NEC. Senior sources in the ANC told the newspaper that it had

become clear that a majority

of the 2,700 delegates

gathered here had come out

strongly against the plan,

and demanded that the NEC be chosen by ordinary direct

Faced with implacable opposition, the high-powered-committee — which included South African Commuoist Party (SACP) Secretary-General Charles Nqaknla and Sam Shilowa, head of the influential Congress of South African Trade Unions withdrew its recommenda-

tions and was dissolved.

Opening the congress Saturday in the city where the organisation was created 82 years ago, Mr. Mandela drove home the need for the ANC - which took power after bistoric all race elections in April - to aggressively reach out to racial minorities and to steer away from being a purely black organisation.

"It is not good for a prop-osal that comes from the president to be defeated, but unfortunately this one bas to be because it is undemocratic," a source told the Star. His popularity undimmed, however, Mr. Mandela was Monday re-elected un-

opposed as ANC leader. He was the only candidate for the top post when nominations closed Monday at the congress, held every three years and the first since the ANC swept to power.

Indian opposition calls scandal report a cover-up

NEW DELHI (R) — Indian action taken report but a Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao's government, said Jaswant Singh, leader of simha Rao's government, trying to shake off corruption charges, released a new report into a \$1.3 billion stock market scandal Tuesday but

opposition leaders called it a cover-up. "There is nothing new in this report," said Mohan Singh of the opposition Samta Party. "The prime minister has become an incarnation of

corruption.' Mr. Rao ordered the revised report after the opposition rejected an initial summary of government action taken in the wake of the 1992 financial scandal in which bankers and brokers illegally siphoned funds from government securities into company

Opposition parties had de-manded punishment for abinet ministers, including Finance Minister Manmohan Singh, who might have prevented the scandal. The new report was aimed

at silencing opposition parties which, emboldened by land-

slide victories in recent state

polls and scenting an advan-

tage ahead of ftesh state elec-

tions in February, have redoubled their attacks on the government's integrity. But opposition leaders immediately dismissed the report, saying it broke no new ground. "This is not a revised

the opposition Bharatiya Janata Party.

The report, presented to parliament by the finance minister, said the government bad revised its stance in 147 of 273 areas covered in its controversial "action taken report" of last July.

It cited strengthened safe-

guards on securities transac-

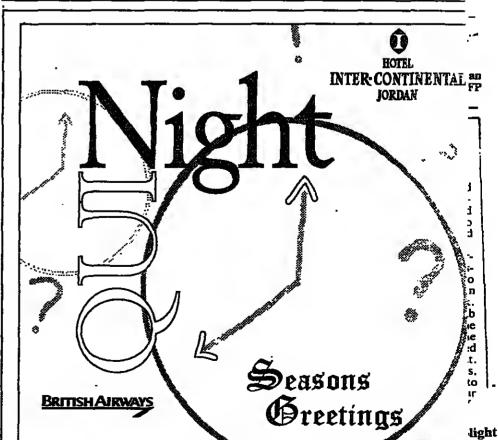
tions by banks, tighter super-

vision of non-banking finan-

cial companies and imposinon of fines on banks. But the report stopped short of recommending that ministers linked to the scam sbould be punished, saying Manmohan Singh, former Junior Revenue Minister Rameshwar Thakur and former Petroleum Minister B. Sbankaranand had alread

stated their positions to parliament on the scandal. The opposition has demanded that Mr. Thakur, now junior rural development minister, and Mr. Shankaranand, health minister, be sacked. Mr. Singh bas twice offered to resign over the securifies scandal, but Mr.

Rao turned him down. The ministers have been found to be directly liable," Jaswani Singh said.. "On that one count alone, this (report) is deserving of total



The Final Quiz Night of 1994 will be held

at El Pasha Nightclub on Dec. 21st at 8:30 pm First Prize 2 tickets Amman-London-Amman on board British Airways And 3 Nights Stay at the London Inter*Continental

FUN, CHALLENGES, AND PRIZES **DUIZ NIGHT QUIZ NIGHT QUIZ NIGHT QUIZ N**

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Editorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation, University Read, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

Unity's no belly dance

EGYPT'S DECISION to forge links with the Maghreb Union may seem benign at first glance but in reality the step has many implications for the Arab World. True that Cairo is seeking only an observer status with the North-African Arab Union for the time being but all indications point to imminent full membership of Egypt in the union in a relatively short period of time. The biggest loser in this new Egyptian policy would be the Arab League itself which Egypt hosts and historically led. The league is the foremost pan-Arab institution that was founded on the promise of Arab integration. But the ongoing process of fragmentation in the Arab World has so changed the league that Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres is now proposing its replacement by a new association for all countries in the Middle East.

The fact that several Arab states have established or are about to set up relations with Israel cannot mean the end of hopes for Arab integration or the failure of their national institutions. If the Arab governments wish to move in that direction they will soon discover that their peoples are not of the same mind or sentiment. Thus, instead of bolstering the North-African Arab Union or even the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC), the Arab governments should direct their attention to strengthening the Arab League itself. Cairo of all Arab states should be the first Arab party to work for stopping the slide, in this case by abstaining from shifting its position from one Arab bloc to the other as if it all was a game of musical chairs. The Maghreb union has established its usefulness for neither the Arab countries in North Africa nor for the Arab Nation as a whole. It is a defunct union by all standards and no amount of public display of solidarity or support for it would change the basics. Even the GCC has seen better times in the past with strains showing in its structure and

Perhaps Egypt thinks that by sitting on both sides of the fence it stands to enhance its Arab stature and international prestige. Confirmed reports suggest that Egypt has been flirting with the idea of joining the North African union for a number of years that date back to 1989 when the union was established in Morocco. Perhans what may have prompted Egyptian President Husni Mubarak to apply for membership is his country's frustration with existing Arab blocks including the defunct Arab Cooperation Council and the non-realisation of the Arab common market. All these reasons, though, do not justify any further attempt to sub-divide the Arab Nation more than it is divided already.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

ONLY TWO months before revising U.N. stand on the embargo on Iraq, the United States creates a new problem to delay the end of the sanctions by claiming that Iraq has been involved in selling oil products and dates to Iran, said Al Ra'l daily. The paper said that despite independent reports that half a million Iraqi children have died as a result of the embargo, Washington is still insisting on starving and murdering the Iraqt population for no crime and without any legal justification. If it is true that Iran is serving as a conduit for helping Iraq export products, then this could be a very positive development, showing that Tehran is now committed to Islam and Islamic brotherhood principles, said the paper. We hope Iran would come to the help of their Iraqi brothers and act differently from the Arab states which have not lifted a finger to save the lives of the starving Iraqis, the paper continued.

COMMENTING ON a visit to Egypt by the Israeli president, a writer in Al Ra? daily said it was designed to warm the cool relations between Cairo and Tel Aviv. The Israelis are concerned with achieving their own goals without giving the Arabs anything in return and without abandoning the occupied Arab lands, said Mahmoud Rimawi. The writer said Israel seeks to ensure its military superiority over the Arab forces for ever and demanded that Arabs establish good relations with the Jewish state while it continues to amass nuclear weapons and refuses to sign a nuclear non-proliferation treaty as demanded by Egypt and the Arab World. He said that Israel refuses to be committed to the implementation of the Oslo agreement with the Palestinians and seeks to prevent North Korea from supplying the Arabs with weapons to defend them-selves against Israeli aggression. While continuing to deny the Palestinians their lawful rights of determining their own future, Israel continues to hold on to its annexation of Arab Jerusalem, said the writer. He said that sooner or later the Israelis will find out that their practices would not help them attain the aspired normalisation of relations with the

autonomy.

The controversy over the 'PLO compliance report' A political storm is brewing in Washington, involving the

peace process. The major parties to this developing struggle are the U.S. Department of State, and the pro-Labour and pro-Likud lobbies in the U.S. and their supporters in the U.S. Congress.

WASHINGTON WATCH

What has set the stage for this conflict was the Dec. 1, 1994, issuance of a document that has become known as the "PLO Compliance Report." In the report, the State Department reviews PLO behaviour over the past six months in an effort to determine whether or not the Palestinian leadership is honouring its commitment to the

Middle East peace process. The State Department is required to submit this report to Congress under the terms of the Middle East Peace Faciliation Act of 1994. According to this Act, all U.S. economic asistance to the Palestinian Authority is con-

ditional on the PLO's: a) Renouncing the Arab League boycott of Israel;b) Urging the nations of the Arab League to end the

c) Cooperating with efforts undertaken by the president of the United States to end the Arab League boycott of

d) Condemning individual acts of terrorism and violence;

e) Amending its national covenant to eliminate all references calling for the destruction of Israel.

The 13-page State Department report covers the period from June 1, 1994 to Nov. 30, 1994, and for the most part focuses on the PLO's response to violence against Israelis and the PLO's "commitment to seek a peaceful and negotiated settlement" with Israel.

"Because the pro-Israel lobbies have spent the past 20 years building a political powerhouse based on the war against the Palestinians, for a number of reasons the lobbies are finding it difficult to simply accept the movement towards peace in good faith and work to support the peace process."

While noting wbat it terms some "difficulties and failures (especially with regard to changing the 'PLO's Cove-nant'), the State Department report "confirms the PLO's commitment" and notes that the organisation has "abided by its commitment to renounce terrorism." Nevertheless, the report notes that this late area (being Israel's most central concern) presents the PLO "with its most difficult challenge" and the report concludes that the Palestinian Authority "should do more in this critical area" and that, for its part, the U.S. administration "will continue to press the PLO to take the necessary actions to prevent acts of violence, to bring those responsible to justice and a abide by all its other commitments."

Since the report is only mildly critical and is genuinely supportive of PLO efforts, it appears to be the intent of the State Department that the president certify the PLO as being in compliance, so that U.S. economic aid can continue. It is this unspoken subtext to the report that has

caused a flare-up among pro-Israel groups.

It should be noted, however, that all this discussion ignores several fundamental questions that will never be

- Why is there no legislation requiring that ald to Israel..... be conditional on its compliance with the terms of the

— Is Israel in compliance with its commitments? - What has happened to the U.S. aid to ghe Palestinians? And is it worth jumping through hoops to get it? The origin of the Compliance Act in question is the result of the work of the pro-Israel lobbyists and their supporters

years building a political powerhouse based on the war against the Palestinians, for a number of reasons the lobbies are finding it difficult to simply accept the movement towards peace in good faith and work to support the peace process. Among these reasons are:

 They have built a national constituency among members of the Jewish community and in Congress based on a fear of Palestinians and opposition to their goals.

— Even those who have endorsed the peace process fear losing support in the Jewish community to pro-Likud forces, who are trying to portray them as "weak on the

Palestinian issue. - Quite simply, their power was built on this fear of Palestinian and opposing cooperation with the Arab World, and power is never easy to surrender.

Instead of moving to remove the encumbering anti-Palestinian legislation of the past 20 years and whole-heartedly support U.S. aid to Palestinians, the largest pro-Israel group American Israeli Public Affiars Committee (AIPAC), and its supporters in Congress wrote new legislation that "conditionally" removes old sanctions against the PLO and links U.S. aid to the Palestinians to

conditions that are difficult to achieve or interpret.

At this time, AIPAC is being pushed bard from the right the very pro-Likud Zionist Organisation of America (ZOA), which has capitalised on latent anti-Palestinian (ZOA), which has capitalised on latent anti-Patestinan sentiment (created in some measure by AIPAC over the year) among many in the Jewish community and the knee-jerk support for such attitudes (also largely created by AIPAC) among many members of Congress.

Even before the Compliance Act was passed, the ZOA formed its own Peace Accords Monitoring Committee

(PAM) in the Congress and quickly drew over 50 members to its ranks. The purpose of PAM was simply to monitor PLO compliance and pressure the administration to force the PLO to continue to make one-sided conces Israel. And while both the Israeli government and the U.S. opposed the formation of PAM and the passage of the Compliance Act, AIPAC went along with both efforts out of fear of losing ground to the ZOA.

The AIPAC report, entitled "Problems in the PLO's

compliance with its commitments," is sharply critical of the PLO performance in "meeting Israel's security concerns" through its failure to take "firm, effective action against... the terror of extremists... and incitment to violence against Israelis." While nominally "pro-peace" (like the Labour government it says it supports), AIPAC attempts to walk the fine line of "supporting the peace process" and covering its rear flank against attacks from the ZOA that it is "caving in to the PLO."

In a real sense, this is a pattern of behaviour displayed by the Labour government itself. The net result is that the extreme right wing is driving the political debate and determining the political behaviour of both the Labour government and its lobby in the U.S.

The ZOA report was issued on Nov. 28 and entitled "On the eve of the State Department report on PLO compliance, the ZOA finds the PLO is not in compliance with accords." It is sbrill attack on 12 areas of behaviour, with most of the reporting based on false conclusions and disinformation. It blames the PLO for "violating its obligation"... to halt terrorist attacks by PLO groups, to refrain from bostile propaganda against Israel, to change

After the State Department report was released and it became clear that the U.S. was prepared to certify the PLO's compliance, the ZOA immediately attacked the official U.S. report, terming it a "whitewash" that ignores, minimises and whitewashes the PLO's numerous serious violations of the accords."

The ZOA's president concludes: "President Clinton has pledged \$500 million to the PLO and be will be considering the State Department's report as he decides whether or not to send the money to a group that has not always shown it has transformed itself from the terrorist organisation it always was. We hope that the president will take into consideration congressional opinion and the many serious flaws in the State Department's report. As U.S. law appropriately requires, the PLO should not receive U.S. aid so long as the PLO is violating the accords, by not condemning terrorism, not punishing terrorists, not urging Palestinian Arabs to give up violence and not changing the PLO covenant, which calls for Israel's destruction.

Not to be outdone, but still seeking to walk its tightrope, AIPAC issued a statement of its own, expressing its "disappointment" with the State Department report and

noting that "peace requires Arafat to change his conduct." but the State Department "report fails to hold Arafat to bigh enough standard."

An interesting twist to this struggle between the ZO and AIPAC for the best anti-PLO credentials has been the fact that the Labour government immediately responded by attacking the AIPAC response as not being in th interest of peace. The Israeli ambassador to Washington, i. a conference call to the Conference of President of Majo American Jewish Organisations, personally urged them no to criticise the State Department report. And Israe Foreign Ministry officials made it clear to Jewish pro-Isralobbyists that the Israeli government sees continuing U.S. aid to Palestinians as important to maintaining the peace

Three days after its initial critical statement, AIPAC we forced to issue a clarification which, while not backing away from its prior criticism of the PLO, notes that AIPA "is not opposed to the continuation" of U.S. aid to the Palestinians, since this aid is "critically needed to improve the desperate economic situation in the impoverished Gaz

Strip."
Other Jewish organisations, for example, Americans for Peace Now, the American Jewish Congress, the Anti-Defamation League B'nai Brith, did issue statements mor favourable to the State Department report and called for continuation of U.S. economic assistance to the Palestinia. Authority

The next step in this process will come on January when President Clinton is required by the Compliance A to accept or reject the State Department report and to

"The asymmetry of political power in Washington continues to shape the debate on Middle East issues. In fluential pro-Israel groups are largel responsible for generating the political pressure on Congress and on th. administration to deal with com pliance issues in a one-sided fashion.

certify (or not) the PLO as qualified for continuing U.S. aid. It is almost certain that Mr. Clinton will certifcontinuation of the aid. But the matter will not rest there When the new Congress convenes in January, PA? members (under the strong influence of the ZOA, which founded the group) will continue to pressure the administration and will most probably call for congressionhearings on the PLO's compliance.

Since Senator Jesse Helms, the incoming Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, and senator Arlen Specter and Richard Shelby (the authors of the PLC. compliance Act) are all members of PAM, there will b pressure to convene such bearings - even over th: objections of the U.S. administration and the Israe-

The lessons in all of this are clear. The asymmetry c political power in Washington continues to shape th. debate on Middle East issues. Influential pro-Israc-groups are largely responsible for generating the political pressure on Congress and on the administration to derwith compliance issues in a one-sided fashion.

For the peace process to be real and the U.S. to be able

to truly serve as an even-handed arbiter, there must be constituency for a balance peace. It is clear, by their behaviour, that the major pro-Israel groups (AIPA! included, despite its statements to the country) are no. committed to balance. They, like the leadership in Israel are still driven by their prejudices and fear of the past They expect Palestinians, all other Arabs and even Arab Americans to change, but have not made the same change.

This does not mean that the peace process will end, bu the One-sided pressure exerted by right wing groups ha distorted and disfigured the peace process to the poir. where it has become an unrecognisable caricature of the process observers hoped for just over a year ago.

Yeltsin's silence on Chechenya baffling

By Deborah Seward The Associated Press

MOSCOW — Boris Yeltsin's behaviour is baffling in the best of times. He has kept a firm grip on power despite frequent disappearances, reports of drunkenness and a habit of standing up foreign

By holing up in a hospital for minor nose surgery after launching a major military operations to squasb separatists in southern Russia, Mr. Yeltsin has left the nation wondering just who is running the country.

In one of his few comments on the Chechenya invasion, Mr. Yeltsin Friday called the rebel republic a "sinister" botbed of crime that threatens the world.

More isolated than ever, Mr. Yeltsin is losing most of his reformist allies in parliament, as well as the battle for public opinion over a war many Russians do not want. For all his courage in de-

fending democracy during the failed 1991 coup, Mr. Yeltsin is now being labelled a coward for cloaking himself in a Soviet-style veil of secrecy while Russian boys die for an unclear cause.

The weekly Literaturnaya Gazeta called the decision to send troops into the rebellious Republic of Chechenya a terrible presidential mistake" that could result in a

"second Afghanistan." During the past three years, the Kremlin defused separatist drives in other parts of Russia with threats of economic sanctions and the promise of greater political

Cbechenya, wbicb declared independence in November 1991, stubbornly refused to recognise Russian

The region became a notorious baven for criminals. money launderers, drug and arms traffickers, although Chechens claim their right to independence and say the

Kremlin is flexing its muscles in Chechenya simply to retain From the Kremlin's perspective, Cbechenya's defiance fuels worries that the Russian Federation could disintegrate just like the Soviet

Union did in 1991. "Yeltsin succumbed to pressure from the military and the successor to the KGB," said Gerhard Simon, of Germany's Institute for Eastern and International

Troubled by low morale, a

lack of funds and charges of widespread corruption, the army could benefit from a quick victory in Chechenya. Striking at the Chechens and imposing order in their unruly republic could also improve Mr. Yeltsin's chances in the 1996 presidential elec-

tions, should the 63-year-old leader decide to run again. "Yeltsin and his aides are interested in a successful little war that would raise their prestige," said Sergei Aru-tiunov, chairman of the department of Cancasian studies at the Russian academy

of sciences. The fighting in Chechenya dominates Russian media and bas deflected attention from the stagnating economy, the failure to control inflation and Mr. Yeltsin's ongoing budget battle with

the parliament. But any bopes the army and Mr. Yeltsin had for a rapid resolution of the Chechen crisis are rapidly fading amid Chechen resistance and a growing number of casualties

Most of Mr. Yeltsin's re-

formist allies in the Russian parliament are now condemning the invasion of Chechenya as a threat to democracy. Some lawmakers bave called for Mr. Yeltsin's impeachment.

The crisis could reignite the president's conflict with the legislature, which has not forgotten that Mr. Yeltsin used tanks to blast the old parliament just a year ago.
Although many Russians dislike Cbecbens, public opinion polls show strong opposition to the decision to

send in the army and to use force against civilian targets. Over and over, Russian TV has shown pictures of Chechen women blocking the roads into their bomeland to stop the tanks. TV also has shown ethnic Russians living in Chechenya sobbing over

their destroyed bomes and

soldiers wounded or killed in the fighting. Even the army appears di-vided. Several prominent generals bave criticised the decision to use the army in Chechenya, and Russian television bas shown interviews with soldiers in the field

Only the West has failed to voice its concern over the Russian advance on Chechenya, calling the crisis an internal Russian affair.

saying they do not want to

The longer the week-old crisis continues, the tougher Mr. Yeltsin's position becomes, a retreat would make him look weak, but a blood bath in Chechenya could unleash a public outcry. Even if the Chechen crisis

ultimately is resolved by negotiations, Mr. Yeltsin has done little to enhance his political anthority or inspire confidence he can resolve conflicts without resorting to tanks and troops.

Technology and values are part of the same continuum

By FM-2030

ON FUNDAMENTAL issues such as immigration, crime. "traditional values. and the work ethic, it hardly makes a difference who is U.S. president or controls

These tracks are propelled by long-term irreversible forces such as decentralisation, diversification and globalisation, and are hardly affected by ideology or parti-

san politics.

Millions of legal and illegal immigrants will continue to cross national borders no matter what policies are adopted or how massive the

It is absurd to think that, in our global age, when a mounting avalanche of information and goods and dollars pours across borders every day, people will stay and marinate in their ancestral homelands. In our global age, territoriality is hopelessly anachronistic.

It is ridiculous to continue emphasising such traditional values as "hard work" and the "work ethic," yet investbillions of dollars every year on automation and ever smarter machines that permanently jettison millions of jobs and disassemble the old labour-intensive economics.

Hard work was a precondition for survival at one time. and therefore glorified. In our times of global surpluses and smart self-replicating machines. hard work is dumb economics. Hard work is a deterrent to greater prosperity. We can now produce more while working less.

The persistent emphasis on family values is yet another dead issue that sets off people's alarms. Even if every federal and state office in the U.S. were occupied by the it operates and which propels

Christian right, the nuclear family would still continue its downward slide. Nothing can reverse this

trend. Since the 1950s, the traditional nuclear family bas dropped from representing around 85 per cent of American homes to less than 10 per cent. How illogical to think that profound changes could unfold in all areas of society. but not in our homes.

Government will continue to have less and less impact on people's lives. The trend everywhere is away from traditional concentrations of

In the post-industr . l world, elections are no long, r an accurate gauge of a soc. -ty's direction. This is as m'-leading as assessing the por .-. larity of the Vatican by 1 :2 size of crowds that greet the Pope in the streets and rest paying attention to the fart that these crowds then go

women's rights. It is absurd to want be: .r technologies and a grow g economy, yet still call or nology and values are part f "traditional values." Tec the same continuum — \ u

to ignore church teachings a

divorce, abortion a"

"It is ridiculous to continue emphasis" ing such traditional values as 'hard work' and 'work ethic,' yet invest billions of dollars every year on auto mation and ever smarter machine that permanently jettison millions o. jobs and disassemble the old labour intensive economics."

The more centralised the sources of information, the more powerful the centres of authority (family, church, government). As information decentralises, the relative power of government de-

This is particularly evident in post-industrial societies. Since the 1960s, the most profound transformations in the U.S. bave been spearheaded by forces and people outside government the women's movement, the biological revolution, the globalisation of life.

An administration may call itself conservative or liberal, but the environment in which cannot divorce the two. If you want advances in one area, you have to accept adv-

ances in the other. Rather than dissipate millions of dollars on nasty points. tical campaigns that atternet to freeze-frame the past, ve 👊 should encourage new values. and lifestyles and policies which will bring greater co :esion, abundance, leisure and growth as we prepare to lift off to a new century.

FM-2030 (his legal name) i- a consultant in long-range planning to industry and the author of "Are You a Transhuman?" This article is reprinted from the Los Angel, s

(Continued from page 1)

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n raising the production apacity of the project by at east 25 per cent.

") The production requireients needed for the pproved project will be exmpt of fees and taxes, exept the sales tax, in accordnce with regulations that the oard issues for this purpose.) The project will be ennpt for the period men-oned in F of this article from te taxes as follows: i) Income and social taxes

1 the net profit of the proii) Property tax belonging

the project and used for is The exemptions enjoyed the project as mentioned paras D and E of this ticle will be as follows:

i) For a period of five years the project is in developent region A: ii) For a period of seven ars if the project is in cacoment region B; iii) For a period of nine

ars if the project is in oulopment region C) For a period of 12 years :f e project is in development ı zion D.

G) The exemptions menned in F above can te placed by faster deprecian on assets at a rate beeen 20 and 40 per cent a ar based on the type of sets and at the request of te investor and the approval the committee.

H) Projects which are 1 eded by the national eccmy and which serve its als and which are listed by t . council will be given three .ars of exemption in addit in to the years mentioned t der the provisions of this icle. The projects list will t amended in accordance 1. th the need of the economy a d will be implemented on

t a existing projects.

i) Hotels, hospitals and r :dical treatment centres 1 I be granted additional exsuptions of taxes and tariffs f their purchases of furnit 'e and equipment once eve v seven years.

I) In case the project is e iption period from one de-... Article 14: v. opment area to another it. The committee assumes the ere it was moved.

In spite of anything men-tions; in any other t. n, the accumulated optiona reserve and the carriedc er profits will be exempt f m any capital tax if they were added to the capital and ▼ :e used in expanding or reloping the project.

ticle 7: Net profits of the project I, under a committee decin, be exempt from the ii ome and social services t. es for another year in case o the following cases:

Expanding the project in a vay that increases its pretion capacity for mo: n 25 per cent.
) If the net value of the

fi : I product rises over 50 per i) If the project's exports

commodities and services cb 25 per cent of its sales. T. us it will be given another yer for every equal percen-

 i) If the project produces sew commodity produces the first time.) If the project was in the

n of a public shareholdin. nany or was converted a public shareholding

pany.
The additional exemp-'s should not be applicable fc more than a period of five

:cle 8: P es and other incentives be created and granted to th: distinguished production at 'exports activities and retrammes.

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:le 9: ects subject to the nev and exemptions and prices according to article applicable as of the star.

of ictual production. U. Jer this law a special com-mine will be set up to be known as the Higher Investm nt Committee chaired by th prime minister and in-

ch ing the ministers of in-du ry and trade, finance, to ism and transport, the C trai Bank governor, the Je mian Chambers of Com me te, and the president of th Amman Chamber of Indt ry as well as persons with icient experience. The di ctor general of the Royal Commission for Reform and M demisation (RCRM) will . o. ow up the implementation

of the resolutions. be council is to hold meetings at least once a

Article 11: The council will be entrusted with creating the appropriate climate for investment to achieve the objectives of comprehensive development

A. Setting a national strategy for investments. B. Working out a strategy to develop production sectors. C. Working out investment

D. Endorsing regulations re-lated to investments. E. Reviewing complaints about the committee's decision. F. Approving the RCRM's annual budget.

Article 12: The RCRM aims to encourage investments in the King-

1. Building up confidence in the investment climate; 2. Stimulating investments in projects;

3. Facilitating the registration of projects; 4. Following up on executed projects;

5. Creating an investment window to facilitate the issuance of licences for investments; 6. Offering advice and pro-

viding information and data concerning investments.

Article 13:

The creation of a committee to be entrusted with the task of encouraging investments chaired by the minister of industry and trade and to include the director general of the Investment Promotion Department, representatives of the ministries of finance, municipal and rural affairs and tourism.

The committee is to meet upon a call from the prime minister and the minister bas the right to invite persons to consult with them on investment matters and has the right to appoint one emoloyee of the department to serve as rapporteur for the . committee.

The committee has to be ready with replies to investors' querries concerning conditions for launching investment projects within two

■ Il be treated in terms of sollowing responsibilities: emption as if it were estatem. A. Approval of projects red originally in the area to whose legal conditions are finalised;

B. Approval of exempnons for the transfer of prop-

crty ownership; D. Recommending measures related to the creation of appropriate climates for investments:

E. Examining reports submitted to the RCRM department concerning projects be-nefitting from the law;

F. Setting programmes for promoting investments and attracting investors making sure that the projects which enjoy exemptions are in line with socio-economic develop-

Article 15: Upon the committee's recommendations the council has the right to cancel exemptions and facilities for any project subject to the provisions of this law if violations of the regulations were disco-

The council also has the night to cancel exemptions and facilities granted to a equipment and fixed ?" intended for that particular project bave been sold or u.ed for other purposes.

Article 16: Non-Jordanian investors will be treated like Jordanian investors under this law.

Non-Jordanian investors have the right to invest in the following fields: Industry, tourism, bousing,

health, education, modern technology and computer, d livestock. Non-Jordanian investors

e the right to hold up to per cent of the capital of the following projects: Trade ventures, public sharebolding companies, consultancy services, land and air transport contracting and agriculture. No projects can be

nationalised, confiscated, seized, impounded, frozen or placed under custody except under a court order.

1. estors benefitting from this law have to: 1. Inform the department

ir, writing about the completion of the installation of assets and the date of produc-2. Open a bookkeeping

system to be operated under an accredited auditor; 3. Open a register for inventory of all fixed assets

involved in the project.
4. Provide information and date and documents required by the department about the

A. In case of the transfer of ownership of projects the projects will continue to enexemptions provided the new owner would pursue the same

project in full. B. Investors have the right to sell fixed assets to other investors who can benefit from the provisions of the same law for the same project under the same conditions with the committee's approv-

C. Investors have the right to sell fixed assets to any persons provided the new owner pay the required fees and the customs duty.

D. In case two firms merging, the resulting merger would be responsible to abide by the provisions of the law if any one of the two firms had enjoyed the exemptions under this law. E. Investors have the right to export the fixed assets which

enjoyed the exemptions. F. The director bas the right to exempt fixed assets from additional taxes if the cost prices of the fixed assets to be imported were raised in the country of origin.

Investors bave the right to transfer abroad foreign capital which entered the country and invested in projects in accordance with banking sys-

Article 20:

Investors bave the right to transfer abroad profits from investments in the country in accordance with legislations and banking laws.

Non-Jordanian employees working in technical and administrative jobs in these projects have the right to transfer abroad 70 per cent of their salaries and their compensations according to Jordan's banking laws.

End-of-service compensation for non-Jordanians canbe transferred abroad in full.

Provisions of this law shall apply to non-Jordanians occupying technical or administrative posts, who are partners in an ordinary company or shareholders in a private shareholding company which owns the project.

Article 23:

A. The Cabinet may, upon the recommendation of the committee, exempt every year a maximum of 10 per cent of the taxable income of any project in the industrial and mining sector from the income and social services tax if the exemption amount is allocated for constructing housing units for workers in the project, either directly by the company or indirectly through a specialised bousing institution.

B. The exemption provided for in paragraph A of this article shall also be granted if the amount of exemption is used for the construction of cultural or health facilities benefitting project workers, provided that the Ministry of Labour attests that such buildings are suitable for such purposes.

C. Exemption will be granted from income tax for the annual expenditure on running and maintaining the premises referred to in para-

graph B above.
D. If the project owner does not construct the buildings referred to in the paragraphs above within a period of three years since the date of granting the exemption by the council, any income exempted under it shall be taxable after that period.

Article 24:

A. Guarantees accorded to Arab capitals under provi-sions of the agreement on investment and transfer of Arab capitals among Arab countries and all the agree-ments concluded among Arab countries and any amendments thereto shall also apply to Arab capital invested under provisions of this law.

B. Non-Arab investors will bave the right to insure their eapital and investments against non-commercial risks at any insurance company or

Principles and procedures

governing the resolution of conflicts resulting from in-vestment operations and the arbitration measures to be followed in accordance with special regulations to be issued for this purpose.

An industrial record will be established to record all machinery and equipment belonging to the projects in accordance with special legislation to be enacted for this purpose to facilitate obtaining credit facilities.

A. Provisions of articles 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16 shall not apply to decisions passed by the Cabinet before the enforcement of this law.

B. Any investment projects approved under the provi-sions of the Investment Encouragement Law No. 11 of 1987 and the amendments thereto will continue to benefit from the exemptions from duties and taxes granted under that law without giving the project anay further exemptions from duties and taxes provided by this law.

Article 28:

The Investment Encouragement Law No. 11 of 1987, the amendments thereto and the regulations issued under it and the Law on Organising Arah and Foreign Invest-ments No. 27 of 1992 and the regulations issued under it shall be cancelled.

Article 29:

The prime minister and the ministers shall enforce the provisions of this law.

According to the RCRM statement, the draft law was based on a national strategy which aims, among other things, to:

- Raise the national economic performance.

Enhance the national economy's capabilities and

promote self-reliance. Achieve more control over national economic performance.

- Improve the country's halance of payments and foreign corrency reserves and reduce imports and increase exports.

- Give a pioneering role to the private sector in invest-- Create a sound and suit-

able investment and econo-

mic climate. - Encourage the trend towards market economy and personal initiatives.

- Achieve social justice and equal distribution of profits of investments. Create new jobs.

Develop the Jordanian specification and measurement systems with a view to improving quality of products.

- Unify measures and regulations regarding investments.

- Ensure foreign investments and the transfer of modern technology to Jordan.

- Encourage the creation of major corporations like public shareholding companies or bolding companies.

— Benefit from other countries' experiences that achieved real and tangible successes from investments.

The statement stressed that in formulating the draft law, the RCRM was guided by the following general principles:

1. To ensure equal and fair distribution of the gains accruing from development. To offer exemptions and facilities to projects which aim at ensuring food security and promote services. 3. Exempt all fixed assets and

Grant additional exemptions for the development of existing projects.

5. Grant additional privileges to bolding companies or shareholding companies. 6. Introduce simple rules gov-

spare parts needed for pro-

duction from taxes and fees.

erning investments. 7. Open the door for foreign capital

8. Open the door for foreign capital and its profits made here to be transferred 9. Facilitate settlement of disputes over involving invest-

ment in Jordan. 10. Create an administration in caring for investment and supervising investments. 11. Create an industrial register to list all equipment.

12. To offer incentives and prizes to encourage distinguished production works and exports.

13. Prevent any form of confiscation, or nationalisation of projects. 14. Exempt profits carried

over from the previous years from income or social ser-



injured Tuesday (AFP photo)

Thousands flee Grozny as Russian

(Continued from page 1)

ance with the federal border control laws."

The medical charity Medecins Sans Frontieres in Brussels Tuesday estimated the number of dead from fighting around Grozny at around 1,000. Almost 70,000 have fled

Chechnya into neighbouring republics in the past few weeks, the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) said in Geneva. Around 60,000 people have fled into the neighbour-

ing republie of Ingushetia, while around 8,000 Chechens have fled into the republic of Daguestan, the ICRC said. "More and more civilians, mostly women, children and the elderly, are being housed there (in Ingushetia) by people who have no blood rela-

ICRC spokesman said. Former Russian parliament chief Ruslan Khashulatov, himself a Chechen, on Tuesday called for Russian forces to stop their air raids over Chechnya which he said

tionship with them," ao

were causing many civilian deaths.

Mr. Khasbulatov, speaking at a Moscow news conference, said: "The problem as I see it is to stop these bombing attacks which are causing innumerable deaths among the peaceful population."

The problem as I see it is to stop these bombing attacks which are causing innumerable deaths among the peaceful population."

The problem is the problem as I see it is to stop these bombing attacks which are causing innumerable deaths among the peaceful population."

But the ex-parliament chief, an old foe of President Bons Yeltsin, backed Moscow in setting a priority on the need to disarm Mr. Dudayev's independence fighters. "I have been calling for disarmament of this repressive regime since the beginning, the only problem is how it can be carried out," said Mr. Khasbnlatov.

Mr. Khasbulatov was one of the big losers in Mr. Yeltsin's smashing of the par-liamentary rebellion in the White House in Moscow in October 1993. He led an abortive peacekeeping mission in Chechnya before Mr. Yeltsin sent in the troops and tanks on Dec. 11.

Russia's human rights.commissioner Sergei Kovalyov, who rushed to Chechnya after Moscow sent troops to the

lians killed in Russian conne-ing raids and in fighting He said the scale of human

rights violations by Russian troops in Cheching a recent the conflict was to itsue: exclusively intescon's interna-Appealing to the United

in the description of the second of the seco namen rights Asian sus in a crebeil region. Nations and the Organisation on Security and Cooperation

Unrest comment es of Bankhas, west of Maroma, (Continued from \$434 ht

monstrators and four policemen dead. But the Bahraini interior ministry said just one policeman had been killed in the violence, which erupted after the arrest of Shifts cleric Sheikh Ali Salman on Dec. 5. A government source on Tuesday denied eye-witness, reports that two people had

died in clashes in the village

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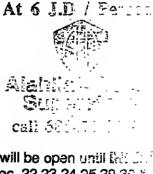


The Sea Food corner presents. Lobster - Smoked & Freen Salmon Mussels & Overes Direct from Provide.

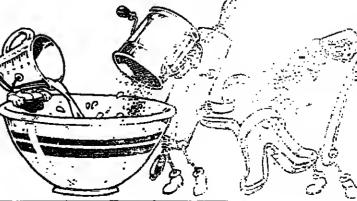
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Marrons Glacés - Dries France-Charles & an assortment of the chodolate.



We will be open until that I it is on Dec. 22,23,24,25,29,30 E. 31/84 & 1st day of the year \$5.



light

World set for two years of economic health — OECD

PARIS (R) — The economics of the world's richest nations are in good health But the OECD stopped and look set to stay that way as unemployment falls from recent records and inflation remains under control, the OECD said Tuesday.

In an unusually upbeat re-port, the Paris-based thintank said the growth rate of its 25 members' economies should quicken to three per cent in 1995 from 2.8 per cent

Growth should cootinge almost unabated into 1996, with Japan and Europe filling a gap in output left by the U.S. economic recovery coming off the boil.

Economic prospects for the OECD area are at present better than they have been for several years." the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) said in its latest semi-annual economic

"Recoveries have spread to all major regions and are short of coogratulatiog

policymakers and, as usual, peppered its report with warnings of the risks that lie ahead. The challenge now facing policymakers is to sustain the

current revival of oooinflationary growth and of employment as effectively as Io the United States, where the economy is running at close to capacity,

monetary policy may out have been oghtened enough. The OECD said this year's rises in U.S. short-term interest rates, which have spooked markets, shoold continue oext year. By 1996 U.S. three-mooth mooey should stabilise at about 6.75 per cent compared with 5.50 per cent oow.

Forecasting a climb in U.S. inflation to 3.3 per cent from an average of 2.0 per ceot this year, it called oo the Federal Reserve, the U.S. central bank, not to be shy about tightening policy further.
"Prepardoess to apply

further restraint would appear to be the best policy posture at this point in the business cycle, as the risks from remaining too restrictive for a short period are less than those of allowing inflation to reignite," it said.

Britain, Australia and New Zealand, whose recoveries are also fairly well advanced, may also have to tighten monetary policy further to be sore that overheating is

Cootioeotal Europe, oo the other hand, is unlikely to run into the economic buff a whole should rise to 3.0 per ceot oext year from 2.3 per cent and then undge up to 3.2 per cent in 1996. Still, the inflation-wary

Europe will be no excep-Germao Boodesbaok tion. But the area, criticised in an OECD jobs report last whose stance has a key influsummer for its rigid labour ence on those of its neighmarkets, will be stuck with a bours — has limited room to jobless rate in double figures. ease its policy further be-

Yugoslav power system at last gasp

BELGRADE (AFP) — Rump Yugoslavia is running our of electricity, seaving the economy threatened with pastick at 2.0 per cent or a little Japan, lagging behind its competitors in the economic ralysis and the people of Ser-bia and Montenegro facing a winter without light or heatcycle, will not top average annual growth of three per

> There are power cuts ev-ery day throughout the counary, which the suppliers Electricity of Serbia (E.S.) have divided into zones, each being cut off several hours at

The electricity network is saturated and badly maintained because of the international embargo agaiost Yugoslavia io force since May 1992. The E.S., a thriv-ing business not so long ago. lost hundreds of millions of doilars this year and can no longer meet the needs of industry or the general ocpulation.

E.S. officials say the cuts are due partly to tite low prices charged to consumers and partly to the impossibility of keeping installations in good working order because of lack of spare parts, which cannot be imported because of the embargo. The state has so far kept electricity tariffs much lower than the European average, but that causes

the utility enormous losses. Consumption is rising as vinter sets in. Taking advantage of the low price, Yugosiavs make massive use of electrical beaters. Heaters using gas or other fuels are no use because of the embargo on imports of oil. The E.S. set out a list of indispensable repairs a few months ago costing \$200 million but the government has so far allocated only half that sum.

As a consequence the onlity has cut its annual output by a fifth to 30 billion Kw/H. Breakdowns at hydroclectric and thermal power stations were upkeep is neglected are

Karachi bullets tear apart economic 'tiger' ambitions

KARACHI (AFP) - Daily gun battles and sniper killings n Karachi are undermining Pakistan's national ambition to become Asia's next boom economy, senior businessmen fear.

The president of the Pakistan Chambers of Commerce and industry, S.M. Muneer, and other senior business people, said: "We want to be the next Asian tiger. But we cannot even become the Asian cat at this rate."

He has added his voice to those who have urged the government to call io the army to halt the spiral of

More than 650 people have been killed in political, ethnic and religious violence this year. The level of violence has steadily escalated over the past five months. Troops were sent back to their barracks at the end of the November and December has been the bloodiest month with more than 100 killed

aiready. "Without safety not a single penny will be invested in Sind," the southern province where Karachi is located. said Muhammad Umer Sailya, central chairman of the All Pakistan Organisation of Small Trades and Cottage

The Karachi Stock Exchange (KSE) has falled drasocally in recent days and former KSE president Arif Habib said government "apathy" toward the worsening law and order was the major reason for the decline bourse trend.

Fear of the city's political violence has been compounded by the increase in armed robbenes.

"No industry has been running at full capacity since Joly," said Siraj Kassem Teli, president of the Sindh Industnal Trading Estate in the city's troubled western district. "We have lost almost one month of production."

He cited an increase in robberies and massive power breakdowns during last summer's monsoon rains as the main reasons for the decrease in industrial production.

Businessmen said that foreign investment was negligible except in the energy sector and even local investors were seeing to relocate from Karachi to the safer Punjab province.

About 90 per cent of local investment has been in Pun-

jab. Mr. Teli said. City-wide strikes frequently turn violent and commercial activity comes to a halt whenever a strike is called by a political group. At least three of Karachi's five thistricts frequently become battle-rones, as political activisrs conduct runoing gunbattles on the streets and from roomoos.

Some businessmen, while insisting on the need for a political solution to the city's problems, openly advocate the return of the army with enhanced judicial powers to restore order.

cost." says Mr. Umer Sailya. He has been shot at twice in recent weeks, once near the private residence of Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto in Karachi's elite Clifton area. Mr. Sailya travels with armed bodyguards and says he fears for his life and that of his family.

"No one is safe any-where," says Muncer. The army previously spent 29 months in Karachi attempting to keep order. Grying the army judicial powers, which would entail a suspension of civilian courts, would be tantamount to a "mini-martial law," one diplomat said. rdan

hihit

Most businessmen said they could not relocate their industries or companies out of Karachi because it would be difficult to start from scratch in a new environ

But one businessman said that be had colleagues who were maintaining flats in Islamahad or Dubai as back-ups should conditions worsen further in this southern purt

Bulgaria's Socialists outline economic plans

SOFIA (R) — The Bulgarian Socialist Party, which will hold a majority of seats in the country's third postcommunist parliament, sees mass privatisation and stricter tax collection as the keys to economic recovery.

The emphasis of our economic policy will be boosting production and speeding mass privatisation, which is key to structural reform. Nikola Koichev, the chief economic expert of the former Communist Party, told Reuters in an interview Mon-

Bulgaria, which held parliamentary elections Sunday. has been criticised by the World Bank and International Monetary Fund (IMF) for the slow pace of privatisation and structural reform since it began a transition to a mar-

ket ecocomy in 1991. A legal framework for mass privatisation was adopted five months ago but the non-party cabinet's resignation in September blocked implementation.

Mr. Koichev, chairman of the Socialists' economic and social policy committee, said Bulgarians could not afford market-based privatisation, so state equity io some 300 state firms would be transferred to private owners via mass privatisation.

"We favour the Czech model of voucher privatisation," Mr. Koichev said. adding: "Enterprises whose

condition is beyond repair will be liquidated."

Transforming the privatisation agency into a ministry for privatisation of state equity in enterprises was part of the changes planned.

"We also plan to strengthen tax control in the private sector." Mr. Koichev said. Tax collection from private business should be tightened up, as it accounted for some 25 per cent of gross domestic product but paid only two per

Mr. Koichev said rather than just curbing consumer demand through monetary measures, as had been done so far, stabilisation should be achieved by boosting produc-tion in the state and private

cent of tax revenue.

sector, which would help

keep inflation down. We will seek to strengthen production by restoring our markets to former socialist countries," he said.

cause inflation looks set to

Unemployment will de-

cline almost everywhere in the OECD as new jobs are created by increasing output

"As the upswing gathers pace throughout the area

during the next two years.

prospects for labour markers

should continue to improve."

It forecasts an increase in

employment which should

cut the average unemploy-

ment rate to around 7.7 per

cent of the workforce by the

end of 1996 from 8.2 per cent

higher next year.

cent until 1996.

and demand.

the OECD said.

Bulgaria's output rose in October by four per cent, compared with the same period last year, indicating that the deep industrial recession which has accompanied economic transition might be nearing its end.

Mr. Koichev said the current state of the economy was unsuitable for pegging the levto a Western currency - an idea floated by the IMF to try to stabilise the flagging currency - but that Bulgaria would continue servicing its

THEPrinciplesof GLAMOUR. *DAJANI'S

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Amra Hotel Shops, 6th Circle, Amman.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1994 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The Sun enters Capricorn today at the start of the Wisser Solution as the Moon squares Venes making it necessary to avoid arguments and the considerable amount of trouble that will follow such confrontations.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Adding new insurests is were provided they can be needy equationed with protons activities which are worthwhile to you. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Be more modern in dealing with

your mate and get botter results. Strive for more good will and happiness with your loved once.

GEMENT: (May 21 to June 21) Be more cooperative with partners and with worthwhile persons they may introduce to you. Make intelligent place for the future.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Be more speedy in handling your regular tasks and forget all that procrastination. He happy at home in the evening with your mate.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Find out what your loved ones expect of you and try to combine past benefits with a new course. Entertain those you feel can help you to progress.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Find some novel way of getting your randamental affairs in better order, but don't give up what has proven workable in the past.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) You like to analyse everything, but you have to make decisions today which are important towards your actions in relation to your success. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Study your financial status

better and see what can be done to improve it considerably. Look to older persons for advice and assistance.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Study your talents better and know how to make them operate more efficiently. Get in touch with the powerful and influential people. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Have discussions with

experts and get the know-how so that you can advance in your career. Your mate can be helpful to you today.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Bigwigs who are friends can also help you in your personal life, if you ask for assistance now. Gain more popularity from those close to you. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) If you do exactly what higwigs

desire of you, you gain big benefits now. Be willing to accept and use conditions to your advantage. Birthstone of December: Turquoise - Zircon

China sets out anti-inflation plans for '95

BEIJING (AFP) - Senior ment, the report said. fight ioflatioo in 1995 but analysts here dismissed the plans as hackneved and un-

imaginative. Vice President of State Planning Zoo Jiahua and State Planning Commission Minister Chen Jinhua told a oational planning conference here that all levels of government must streogthen management over consumption funds, such as wages, to ease inflationary pressure, the

China Daily reported. At a separate conference. Finance Minister Liu Zhongli pledged to adopt tight fiscal policies in 1995 in a bid to control inflation, curb ex-

penditure and restrain iovest-

Chinese officials have Year-on-year inflation hit ordered strict measures to 27.7 per cent in October. for the first 10 months of 1994 of some 22 per cent — more than double the state target. The government is aiming for 15 per cent annual inflation in 1995.

Foreign economists were unimpressed by the plans put forward for 1995 at the recent meetings, saying that they, like the September's party pleoum and last month's conference; contained few new

"Their plans sound grander in description than they will be in implementation. said one Western diplomat, noting the officials were reiterating policies that had little effect this year on infla-

"Given the size of China's problems, these measures can only have a limited impact," the diplomat added. Delegates at the planning

conference hlamed this year's high inflation on excessive money supply caused by the rapid expansion of fixed asset investment and expenditure oo wages and bonuses.

Meanwhile, the chief of the World Bank's resident mission here. Pieter Bottelier. warned that inflatioo would remain a long-term headache for the Chinese authorities.

"China's inflation is to a large extent induced by the market-oriented reform and will be inevitable for years to

come," Mr. Bottelier said in

an interview with the official Xinhoa news agency.

However, he added there were undications that infla tion "may have peaked and may fall from now on."

Food shortages created by "agriculture's weak foundation" and serious natural disasters, as well as chaotic market distribution and a faulty price monitoring system were also behind the government's failure to bring the index lown, they said.

Mr. Zon and Mr. Chen reportedly told the conference that steps must be taken next year to strengthen the agricultural sector, increase the acreage of grain and cotton, and strictly control circulation of staples.

HASSLE-FREE Pudictm a c

Some of us are organised and have already completed our Christmas shopping but. If like a great many of us, you are still in a quandary about where to start and prefer to do it all in one or two big sessions, here are some ideas to help make the seasonal big shop less

DAJANI'S DAJANI'S DAJANI'S

DAJANI'S DAJAMPS Gold & Gems Jewellers.

Peanuts







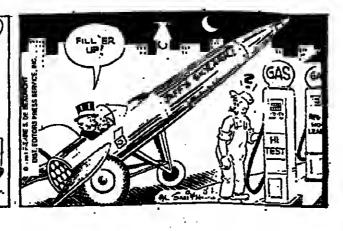
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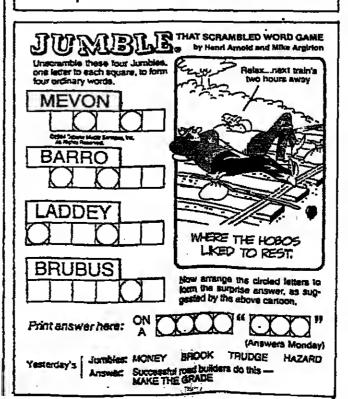








"I learned how to pucker my nose! Now I can kiss you and recite love poems at the same time!"





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of economic news from the Arabic press

Jordan plans blitz of fairs, exhibitions

the show were ** The Jordan Export Development and Commercial Centres Corp. (JEDCCC) is now moving to participate in international fairs and in bolding specialised exhibitions in many countries which Jordanian exporters have not yet tapped. JEDCCC Director-General Mohammad Halaiqah said Jordan will participate in the Gent international fair in Belgium next year and will also organise a fair in London in cooperation with the British-Arab Chamber of Commerce. Jordan will additionally participate in the "Arab week" exhibition which the Arab community in the U.S. will hold in the state of Illinois. Dr. Halaigah said that in order to introduce Jordanian industrial products and open new export opportunities, JEDCCC bas plans to stage exhibitions in Ukraine, Slovakia, Greece, Lubai, South Africa, Djibouti and Lebanon. Locally, the corporation has plans to bold specialised exhibitions for construction, clothing and furniture indus tries, similar to the ones held earlier this year for engineering and electrical industries (Al Ra'i).

> オネ The third exhibition of citrus fruit which was opened by Jordan Cooperative Organisation Director-General Jamal Bdonr Monday is being held at the Cooperative Institute and will last for two weeks (Sawt Al Shaab).

★★ All those who bave billboards on roadsides or those who wish to put some up must obtain a licence from the Traffic and General Safe ty Directorate, Eighth Circle. Sabal Amman. Unless renewals are obtained before Jan. 31, 1995, the Ministry of Public Works will remove all unlicensed billboards and fine the violators (Al Dus-

** Foreign workers in the Kingdom's hotel industry have reached 13 per cent. In Aqaba's classified botels the rate was 32 per cent of all hotel workers at the end of --. 1993 (Al Dustour).

* A court ordered that the Jordan Ready-To-Wear Manufacturing Company be liquidated obligatorily. The company, which is located on King Hussein Street, near Jabri Restaurant, was registered at the Ministry of Industry and Trade on Dec. 27, 1980, as a public shareholding company with a JD 1.1 million capital. The company had accumulated JD 1.8 million in less . . . April 30, 1988, and was indebted by over JD 1.4 million. tempts to rescue the company bave failed. The com-

pany did not provide the companies' comptroller with any financial statements since 1983 and ceased operations after auctioning all its assets (Al Ra'i).

* Repairs to the Amman-Irbid freeway, which is under constant danger from landslides and huge rocks falling on it, could cost up to JD15 million (Al Dustour).

* The Ministry of Finance presented to the Council of Ministers an amendment to the law of placing fixed assets as security for credits. Under the amendment, an auction on a real estato cannot be opened at less than 50 per cent of the estimated value of the properly (Al Dustour).

The Due to large amounts of exports to Arab Gulf countries at the expense of the local market, the price of a kilogramme of local (baladi) meat has gone up from JD3-4 to JD5-6. A kilogramme of local beef sells at JD5. The price of imported meant ranges between JD2 and 3 a k logramme. Russian and Australian meat carries a red stamp, Bulgarian meat has a blue stamp and the local meat has a green stamp (Al Dus-

London court approves \$1.8 billion BCCI deal

al, \$150 million 24 months later and \$100 million 12

The deal is the second to

JORDAN WATIONAL BANK
MIDDLE EAST INVESTMENT HAME.
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK
THE HOUSING BANK
JORDAN KUMAIT BANK

AMMAN BANK FOR INVESTMENT PHILADELPHIA INVESTMENT BANK.

JORDAN FRENCE INSURANCE YARMOUX INSURANCE & REINSURANCE

INSURANCE AECTOR

JORDANIAN ELECTRIC POWER / NEW IRBID DISTRICT ELECTRICITY JORDAN MATICALL SHIPPING LINES WATIONAL PORTFOLIO SECURITIES REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT JORDAN GULF REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT JORDAN INTERNATIONAL. TRADING CENTER DELITED MIDDLE FASTA COMPANIES FOR THE STATE OFFICE CENTER DELITED MIDDLE FASTA COMPANIES FOR THE PASTA COMPANIES FOR THE PASTA

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ARAB INVESTMENT & INERNATIONAL TRADE ARAB ALUMINIUM INDUSTRY

THE JORDAN PIPES MANUFACTURING

LIVESTOCK & POULTRY ARAS PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING

THE JORDAN CEMENT FACTORIES
JORDAN PROSPERTE MINES

THE ARAB POTASH/NEW JORDAN PETROLEUM REFIERRY

UNITED MIDDLE EAST & COMMODORE HOTELS ARAB INTER. FOR INVESTMENT & EDUCATION JORDANIAN EXPATRIATES INVESTMENT HOLDING

THE INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL & AGRICULTURAL

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come before the courts after

a previous deal was thrown

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LONDON (R) — London'a High Court Monday approved a \$1.8 billion compensation package agreed be-tween Abu Dbabi and liquidators and creditors of the collapsed Bank of Credit and Commerce International (BCCT) S.A.

The decision is the first of threo approvals needed before liquidators Touche Ross can proceed with the compensation deal bammered ont in October with majority shareholder Abu Dbabi.

At the end of the brief hearing, Judge Richard Scott brushed aside objections from former BCCI employees.
"I've come to the conclu-

sion that I should give the liquidators the anthority to proceed," he told the court. BCCI, which once had assets of \$24 billion and operations in 71 countries, was closed down in September 1991 after estimated losses of some \$10 billion in the world'a largeat banking fraud.

"It's another burdle crossed," Fred Goodwin, a part-ner at BCCI liquidators Touche Ross told Reuters after the hearing.

"We hope (the courts in) Luxembourg and the Cay-man Islands will come to tho same conclusion," Mr.

A Luxembourg court is multing whether to give the go-ahead for the compensation package after a hearing earlier this month, which also saw employee objections.

A decision is expected on Jan. 12, the same date the third and last hearing is due to start in the Cayman Islands. BCCI was registered in all

three jurisdictions. Under the terms of the \$1.8 billion deal, Abu Dbabi is to pay \$1.55 billion immediately after court approv-

Pinancial Markets	Jordan Times co-operation with ro Amman Bank
Currency	New York Tokyo Close This 16/14/19/1 Per 20/14/19

thur 19/12/98	20/12/94
1.5603	1.5599**
1.5735	1.5728
1.3325	1.3316**
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Currency	I MITH	3 MILES	6 MTHS	II MIII
U.S. Dofter	5.87	6-12	6.62	7.06
Sterling Pound	5.75	6.12	6.68	7.25
Deutscho Mark	5.18	5.12	5.2S	5.62
Swice Pranc	3.75	4.00	4,25	4.56
French Franc	5.37	5.87	6.18	6.62
Japanese Yen	2.18	2.18	2.31	2.43
European Currency Unit	6.18	6.37	6.62	7.00

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Currency	Bid	Offer
U.S. Dullar	0.7020	0.7040
Sterling Pound	1,0943	1.0992
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Swiss Franc	0.5171	0.5147
French Franc	0.1294	0.1500
Japanese Yen*	0.6997	0.7034
Dutch Gallder	0.5983	0.4003
Swedish Krone	44443	*****
Italian Liru ^q	0.0426	0.0428
Belgian Franc	*****	*****

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Carrency	Fid	Offer
Behrousi Direct	1.8460	1.8620
Lebanese Lira*	9.041225	0.042580
Saudi Riyat	0.1560	0.1879
Kewald Dina	2.3030	1.3600
Qatari Riyal	0.1916	0.1929
Egyptian Pound	9.2000	0.2150
Omeni Rîyal	1.8060	1.8240
UAE Dirham	0.1905	0.1915
Greek Drachmas	0.243S	0.3185
Cypriot Pound	1.4030	1.5370

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the bnying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and

bullion markets Tuesday. 1.3938/48 U.S. \$1.00 costs 1.5724/34 1.7594/04 1.3306/16 32.32/36 5,4218/68 1649.8/0.8 100.18/28 7.5275/75

6.8670/20 6.1724/74 \$1.5596/06 One sterling One ounce of gold \$380.45/380.95

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Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns FOR YOUR Advertisement In Jordan

Canadian dollar

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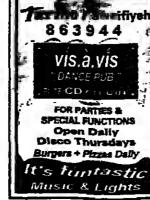
Swiss francs

Belgian francs

French francs

Italian lire





INTERNEDIATE PETRO-CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES
JORDAN ROCEMOOL INDUSTRIES
JORDAN INDUSTRIES & MATCH/JIMCO
JORDAN SULPRO-CHEMICALS
ARAB CENTER FOR PHARM. & CHEMICALS 4338 2241 420 25095 9323 12836 3400 3100 2000 UNIVERSAL MODERN INDUSTRIES JOHDAN INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES CO. INDOSTRIAL ARCTOS 80096 242121 INDEX NUMBER: 128.1 GRAND TOTAL 393158 1522525 TRUEX NUMBER: 143.8 NO. OF TRADED SHARES IN PARALLEL MARKET VALUE TRADED IN PARALLEL MARKET

Qatar may borrow up to \$980 million for gas project

DUBAI (R) — Qatar has decided to stick to its original plan to borrowing \$680 million for a major gas project and will probably come back later for another loan of up to \$300 million to fund an expansion, bankers said Tues-

day.

The financing is one of in the the biggest planned in the entire Gulf region.

Qatar Liquofied Gas Co.

(Qatargas) had mandated, through its financial advisers J.P. Morgan and Co., a group of four banks to syndicate a \$680 million loan for the upstream work on the multi-billion dollar project.

It then considered increasing the amount since Qatargas' planned capacity is being raised to six million tonnes a year from four million after now Japanese clients were signed up.

They would like to increase the amount because of increased capacity, but given the fact that that would have delayed the process, it was decided to arrange the original loan of \$680 million and then an extra \$300 million," one said.

second portion might be somewhat less than \$300 million, adding that the size had not been fixed. Qatargas is the more advanced of two multi-billion

Another banker said the

dollar liquefied natural gas LNG) projects on which Qatar is relying to supplement its small oil income. Tho bankers said syndication of the \$680 million loan

will probably not start until February or March of 1995. The four banks, together with five that had formed an underwriting group, had been ready to go to the market for syndication in late September before Qatargas

decided to increase the project's capacity. The bankers said the duranon of the loan would probably be between 10 and 12

vears. They said export credit agencies from France, Britain, Germany and and Italy were involved in negotiations on guaranteeing probably half the loan.

"There is activo involvement by export credit agoncies. It has not been finalised but the idea is they will guarantee half or something in that region and the rest comes from the project. This is still under discussion." one

Qatargas as a whole is liketo cost \$6 billion or \$7 billion. The upstream portion - getting the gas out of the ground and to the plant that liquefies it - is estimated to cost roughly \$1.3 billion.

Qaiari Energy Minister Abdullah Bin Hamad Al Attiyah concluded a \$2 billion loan in June for the

downstream portion. Bankors had said the expansion of the project strengthenod it since revenues would rise by 50 per cent while costs would go up by less than 50 per cent.

The initial four million tonnos 3 year will be sold 10 Japan's Chubu Eloctrict Power Co. under a 25-year deal.

The banks that won the upstream financing mandate are France's Credit Lyonnais and Socioto Generalo, Barclay's PLC and the Bahrainbased Gulf International Bank.

Upstream, the state's Qatar General Petroleum Corp (QGPC) owns 65 per cent of Qatargas, Total S.A. has 20 per cent, Mobil Corp 10 per cont and Japan's Marubeni Corp and Mitsui and Co. each 2.5 per cent.

Downstream, Total has 10 per cent and Marubeni and and Mitsui each 7.5 per cent, with the other shares

JORDAN MARKET PLACE

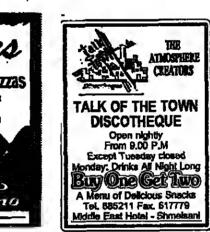


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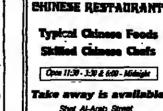
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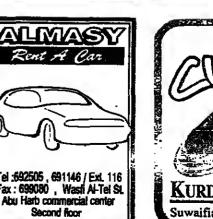
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After the party, spare a thought for the dead

PARIS (AFP) - Michael Schumacher may be celebrating, but most motor racing fans will remember 1994 not for the living, but for the

When Ayrton Senna died in a Bologna hospital room on May 1, following a 200mpb crasb at Imola, the sport lost arguably the greatest driver ever sit behind the wheel of a Formula One

Not only did be win three world titles io four years (1988-1991), bot his breathtaking speed and swashbuckling style made him an idol for literally millions of fans. Nigel Mansell, Britain's

1992 world champion, said: "Ayrton and I shared some of the most exciting races ever staged and it is impossible to put into words what a sad loss this is to motor rac-

Stirling Moss added: "Ayrton was in a class of his own." Seooa knew intuitively how to take a racing car to the limit, and sometimes beyond, whatever the conditions. Critics called bim arrogant, others say the Brazilian simply knew how good be was and did oot

suffer fools gladly. His death, the details of which are still shrouded in mystery, has robbed the sport of its soul.

The crash on the Tamburello bend, a day after Austrian Roland Ratzenberger became the first driver to be killed on a circuit for 12 years, also sbattered the illusion that F1 cars were no longer killers.

As if further proof were needed, another Austrian driver, Karl Wendlinger, bovered between life and death after crashing in practice for the very next race, the Monaco Grand Prix.

Miraculously, he emerged from the coma and hopes to return to F1 next year.

Other men to escape serious injury in 1994 were Brazil's Rubens Barrichelio - whose car literally took off after clipping the kerb at lmola — and Dutchman Jos Verstappen, whose Benetton was suddenly engulfed in flames during a pit-stop at Hockeoheim.

Faced with the horror, everyone in the sport looked for action, and some for someooe to blame.

Not surprisingly, the man

most frequently in the dock was Britain's Max Mosley. head of the ruling Interna-tional Automobile Federation. who promptly announced a raft of changes to improve safety. The only bright spot in one of the blackest years in motor

racing bistory was the triumph of Schumaeher, after a contrived battle with Senna's teammate at Williams Renault, Damon Hill. Schumacher may not be Senna, but the hugely

tain to dominate the sport in the coming years. He is fast, ambitious and has the backing of an equally determined team in Flavio

talented German looks cer-

Briatore's Benettoo. The former Mercedes sportscar driver won eight races in 1994 - but was disqualified or banned from four more - sending the title race down to the wire at Adelaide.

A Schumacher shunt, the kind which had previously decided titles for Senna and Alain Prost, meant that neither German nor Englishman finished the race and the ehampionship was won by a single point.



The late Ayrton Senna who died May I after crashing at the Imola circuit.

Hill's comment that there was no point shedding tears for a driver whose car is illegal (after Schumacher was disqualified in Belgian for a wooden panel beneath his car being a few milimetres too thin) pricked his rival.

Dubbing Hill "a little man," Schumacher launched into a diatribe which included 'Hill has been thrown into the job of being number one. He was never a number one. David Coulthard (bis Williams teammate) was quicker than him after three races."

For his pan, the son of late world champion Graham Hill did everything that could reasonably be expected of him in a traumatic season.

Even when he drove well, and won, he was taunted by his critics - once prompting a diatribe of his own.

"I came closer to beating Schumacher than anyone else all year other than Ayrron Senna, and all I'm reading in the papers is that my job is in jeopardy. I've never heard

such a lot of bollocks in all my life as I have this past week." he furned before win-

ning the British Grand Prix. Next season, the two rivals will meet again - both their contracts having been con-firmed for 1995 - with the subtle difference that both will be using the same Renault V10 engine. Benetton have dumped Ford.

There are questionmarks over their teammates. though.

Williams must choose between the old and the new. Between 41-year-old Mansell, who returned for the last three races of the season and won in Adelaide, and the promising 23-year-old Coul-

McLaren, also changing engine suppliers next season after disching Pengeot for Mercedes, are measurable an-

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xious to sign Coulthard as partner for Finn Mika Hak-

Ferrari will stick by luckless Frenchmao Jean Alesi, still waiting for his first vic-tory, and Austrian veteran Gerhard Berger, who broke a four-year barren spell for the Prancing Horse with victory in Germany.

Whatever else happens, fans and drivers alike will be praying for a season's safe driving in 1995.

Thrills on the fast bends, excitement at the chequered flag and a world championship battle that goes right to the end.

Something to erase the memory of a warm, sunny day at Imois. And the sight of Ayrton Senna, as he lay dying amidst the wreckage of

Edberg splits with coach after 11 years

LONDON (R) - Sweden's Stefan Edberg announced Tuesday that he was splitting up with his coach of 11 years, Tony Pickard. "We have had a great rela-

tionship over the years, right from the time we met in: 1983," Edberg, winner of 40 titles including six Grand Slam tournaments, said.

"This year, like every year. we've sat down and reviewed the future, and I feel now it is perhaps time for me to go on — on my own," the 28-year-old Swede added. "I'm not looking for any-one else as a coach. I'm going on my own which I've pretty much done this year anyway except for the Grand Slams, Edberg said. Pickard, a former British

Davis Cup player and team captain, said: "We've en-joyed a long and unbelievable relationship in tenns and we shall always be pais. I know well enough that however hard a coach works. that when it comes to the crunch, it's the player who has to do it.

Sanchez targets Wimbledon and world No. 1 spot

HONG KONG (AFP) — Arantxa Sanchez Vicario is not only aiming to make 1995 the year she becomes world number one. The Spanish tennis star is also going to start a concerted campaign on Wimbledon.

The 23-year-old queen of clay court tennis said Toesday: "I used to think that grass was for cows when I played on it."

But having won the French and U.S. Opens this year and reached the Australian Open final, Sanchez has now changed her mind.

"It is the only Grand Slam event where I have not got past the quarter finals. I want to try and see if 1995 can be a better year," she told AFP.

Sanchez, who won the world champion title last week, said she would adapt more of her game to the fast

She put down her desire to play on more varied surfaces to her new coach Gabriel Etcheberry. "I now play on different

grass courts of Wimbledon.

surfaces, such as hard court. I feel I am a more aggressive player," she commented.

The other goal for the Spamard, who will be appearing in the First Bank Pacific Challenge tournament in Hong Kong at the start of January as part of her build up for the 1995 Australian Open, is to knock Steffi Graf off the top spot in the women's world rankings.

Though many experts say the revolution will not take long, Sanchez said she was not setting a date for topphing Graf.

"I am just thinking that I still have a couple of things in my game that I have to work



captain Dungs (centre) holds the World Cup sioft as he runs with teasumates after defeating linly in the final (AFP photo)

Brazil team of the year

ZURICH (AFP) - Brazil ended the year as the world's top football side, according to governing body FIFA's standings.

The World Cup winners take over from last year's

winners Germany. Spaio pipped Sweden and World Cup finalists Italy for second places as European

1. Brazil

4. Italy

2. Espagne 3. Sweden

5. Germany

8. Norway

6. Netherlands

7. Switzerland

10. Argentina

sides took eight out of the top ten spots.

The biggest improvement*\
of the year eame from Croatia, recent conquerors of Italy in the European Championship qualifiers, who shot up from 122nd in the world to

Jack Charlton's Republic of Ireland came in a superb ninth while England ended up in 18th as Britain's best team. Asian interest centred on Japan in 36th place and China in 40th.

67.18 points 61.80 61.41 61.35 61.25 59.9I 58.30 58.11 9. Republic of Ireland 57.63 56.67

Indian Christmas Celebration

The Indian community living in Jordan celebrates Christmas on Dec. 23, Friday, between 3 and 6 p.m. at the Regency Palace Hotel. All members of the Indian Cultural Association are welcome.

Dress: National or formal

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World champion Michael Schumacher in his Benetton-Ford at the Australian GP (AFP photo)

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have knowledge of world events. Only qualified applicants need apply. Previous applicants need not reapply. interested persons may pick up an application from the embassy and submit it with a recent picture to the attention of the Personnel Officer. Deadline for receiving applications is Jan. 8, 1995.

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Jazireh take on Faisali as 15th week kicks off

By Aleen Bannayan

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN — The results of the upcoming 15th week of the Jordan Soccer Championship may well affect the standings of most teams as the second round of the competition nears its balfway point with the top three teams only a point

Leaders Al Hussein are set to improve their record further when they meet last-placed Al Jeel. Meanwhile, second-placed Al® Wihdat face Al Qadissieh who crushed Al Ahli 4-1 last week hut still need more wins to secure their place in the division.

Al Ramtha meet sixth placed ambitious newcomers Kufrsoum who moved up to sixth place after beating Al Jeel and Shabah Al Hussein in their last two matches.

The most interesting match will be the Faisali-Jazireh clash as both strive for an advanced standing.

Al Arabi who upset title-holders Al Faisali 1-0 are still in ninth place and have an important match against 11 placed Al Karmel. Meanwhile, Al Ahli need to beat Shahah Al Hussein to secure a halfway standing at the least after the team's incoosistently proved that they are in no form to seek a more ambitious standing this year.

Twenty one goals were scored in the past week, the second highest number after 22 in the seventh week of the first round.

The 14th week will be remembered for its surprising results including Al Faisali's 1-0 loss to Al Ara-.bi, Al Ramtha's 5-2 win over Al Jazireh and Al Qadissieh's 4-1 victory over Al Ahli.

Al Oadissich vs. Al Abli: The win was Al Qadissieh's

TORONTO (AFP) — Reg-gie Miller watched his Dream Team II teammates celebrate their gold medal triumph

here at the World Basketball

Championship and smiled. •

"This was special," the Io-diana Pacers' guard said.

"Yoo don't get many chances

Miller and his fellow

National Basketball Associa-

tion (NBA) colleagues

dominated the 16-team

collection of players."

fourth and raised their points to 12. However they are still in danger of moving back to the last four which will be relegated. The result cr their upcoming match against former champions Al Wihdat will be carried. be crucial.

Scorers: Amjad Yousef (28th), Ismail Awadat (68th), Munir Abu Hantasb (73rd) and Thaer Saleh (84th) for Al Qadistich and Mouse Shtevan sieh and Mousa Shteyan (40th) for Al Ahli.

Al Wibdat vs Al Karmel: Al Wihdat continued their unbeaten streak hut are still one point behind Al Hussein. Over 4,000 fans watched their match against Al Karmel despite cold and rainy weather. Scorers: 1hrahim

Sa'diyeh (3rd) and Mohammad Abdul Dayem (88th). Al Faisali vs. Al Arabi: Al Faisali's defeat shocked

their fans. The result may well affect their pursuit of a third consecutive title. Al Arabi's top striker Ayman Al Omari scored

NBA stars take world gold

91 in the final.

Olympic crown.

unbeateo US club rolled to

the title, beating Russia 137-

Orlando center Shaquille

O'Neal dominated the event

with 18 points and 8.5 re-

bounds a game, sparking a group of young NBA stars who were coostantly com-

Team, which won the 1992

Other members of the U.S.

roster included Seattle's

Shawn Kemp, I stroit's Joe

ne orginal Dream

seem destined to be relegated with only one wio. Scorers: Aref Hussein (24th and 36th), Mazen the precious goal for his team in the 82nd minute. Anbar (57th) for Al Hussein, and Mohammad Fat-Al Ramtha vs. Al Jazireh: Al Ramtha put an out (57th) for Shabah Al end to Al Jazireh's string of

Standings after 10th week

	P	W	D	L	GF	GA	Pts.
Hussein	14	11	2	1	38	12	24
Wibdat	14	9	5		16	3	23
Ramtha	14	9	4	1	29	7	22
Falsali	14	6	6	2	22	g	1g
Jazireh	14	7	3	4	19	14	17
Kufrsoum	14	7.	ī	6	23	23	15
Ahli	14	4	Š	5	16	20	13
Qadissieh	14	4	4	6	1g	21	12
Arabi	14	4	3	7	15	26	11
Shabab Al Hussein	14	1	3	10	17	32	5
Karmel	14	1	3	10	10	33	5
Jeel	14	1	1	12	g	32	3

Stoichkov voted European Footballer of Year

PARIS (AFP) - Hristo Stoichkov was voted 1994 European Footballer of the Year Monday, in recognition of the powerful striker's contribution to club and country,

impressive results with an impressive score of their own that kept them in third

place, one point behind Al Wihdat.

Scorers: Salim Diyabat

(13tb). Farid Shanaineh (31st and 89th), Mouaffaq Abn Hdeib (41st), and Khaled Aqqouri (78th) for

Al Ramtha and Ahmad Rashed (63rd) and Simon Kheir (81st) for Al Jazireh.

Kufrsoum vs. Al Jeel: Kufrsoum's 2-0 win put them back in sixth place,

and they are the only new-

comer not among the last

with a sole win over Shahah

Al Hussein at the begin-

ning of the second round.

(49th) and Ihah Qawasmeh

Al Hussein vs. Shahab Al Hussein: The 3-1 loss furth-er complicated Shabah Al

Hussein's position as they languish in 10th place and

(90th)

Scorers: Yousef Obeidat

Al Jeel remained last

Barcelona and Bulgaria.
The 28-year-old hecame the 39th winner of the France Football magazine award, which is based on sports jour-nalists' votes in all 49 Europeans countries, picking up 210 points. Second and third places

both went to members of Italy's World Cup final side Juventus striker and last year's award winner Roberto Baggio, who polled 136 points, and AC Milan defender Paolo Maldini, who netted 109.

Baggio might have kept his crown, had he not blasted his penalty over the har in the World Cup final shoot-out against Brazil.

Sweden's Tomas Brolin and Romanian Gheorghe Hagi were voted joint fourth. Stoichkov's goals helped Bulgaria to the World Cup semi-finals and have also established a place for Barcelona, alongside AC Milan, at the top of European football in the 1990s.

In the United States, he hecame the World Cup's joint top scorer with six goals, alongside Russia's Oleg Salenko.

In total, he has found the back of the net 24 times in 52 international appearances no mean achievement for a player whose shooting ability is restricted to a single foot,

Whether it is club or country, Stoichkov's trademarks are speed and aggression, a combination which recently ripped through Manchester United's defence in the 4-0

humiliation at Non Camp in the European Champions

League. Prized by the Catalan fans, he has been a key figure in Barcelona's domestic and European success under Johan Cruyff — consecutive Spanish league ritles for the past four seasons, one European Cup title in 1992 and a place in last season's final, when they were hammered 40 by AC Milan.

Often ill-tempered on the field, Stoichkov is equally

outspoken off it. In 1992, believing that be deserved the Foothaller of the Year award which went instead narrowly to AC Milan's Dutch striker Marco Van Basten, Stoichkov accused Silvio Berlusconi, AC Milan's president and owner of a television empire, of exerting his media influence

over the judges. Berlusconi is currently Italy's embattled prime minis-

Meanwhile, the France Football award was a sad reflection on the state of British foothall — not a single player born there thade the

Only two English clubs were represented among the elite - Tottenham Hotspur through German striker Jurgen Klinsmann (voted sixth) and Machester United with Frenchman Eric Cantona (joint 13th).

Stoichkov's profile: Hristo Stoichkov. Born Feh. g. 1966 at Plovdiv, Bul-

garia. Cluhs: CSKA Sofia, Barce-

Achievements: Won Bulgarian championship with CSKA 1987, 1989, 1990. Bulgarian Cup 1987, 1988,

Barcelona's Bulgarian striker Hristo Stoich-United after their Champions League matei kov and teammates Albert Ferrer and Ronald (AFP photo) Koeman celebrate their 4-0 thrashing of Man.

1989. Bulgarian Supercup 1989. Europe's Golden Boot Award 1990. Won Spanish Championship with Barcelo-na 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994. Spanish Supercup 1992. European Supercup 1992. European Cup 1992. Finalist in European Cup 1994. Fourth place in 1994 World

"It's a childhood dream come true," said a delighted winner, who was joined by his coach Cruyff for the television presentation of the award.

The 49 judges also named a "Golden Team" for 1994: Goalkeeper: Thomas Ravelli (Sweden, 1FK Gothenhurg)

Defenders: Paolo Maldini (Italy, AC Milan), Marcel Desailly (France, AC Milan), Philippe Alhert (Belgium, Newcastle United). Midfielders: Tomas Brolin

Georghe Hagi (Romania Barcelona), Roberto Baggi (Italy, Juventus).

(Sweden, Parma), Jan Lit-Forwards: Jurgen Klins manen (Finland, Ajax Ammann (Tottenham Hotspur) sterdam), Yordan Letchkov Hristo Stoichkov (Bulgaria (Bulgaria, SV Hamburg), Barcelona).

Past 15 winners

A LEST TO WILLIAMS
1979 — Kevin Keegan, Hamburg SV
1980 — Karl-Heinz Ruminnegge, Bayern Munich
1981 — Karl-Heinz Ruminnegge, Bayern Monich
1982 - Paolo Russi, Juventus of Turin
1983 — Michel Platini, Juventus of Turin,
1984 — Michel Platini, Juventus of Turin.
1985 — Michel Platini, Juventus of Turin.
1986 — Igor Belanov, Dynamo Kiev
1987 — Raud Gallit, AC Milan
1988 — Marco Van Basten, AC Milan
1989 - Marco Van Basten, AC Milan
1590 - Lothar Matthaeus, Internazionale of Milan
1991 — Jean-Pierre Papin, Olympique Marseille
1992 — Marco Van Basten, AC Milan
1993 — Roberto Baggio, Juventus.

Salt Lake City moves ahead in 2002 bid race

GENEVA (R) — The American city of Salt Lake City was marked out Tuesday as clear favourite in the race to host the 2002 Winter Games, winning high praise in a preliminary report from the International Olympic Commit-

Salt Lake, which narrowly lost out to Nagano, Japan, for the 1998 games, was one of nine candidates visited by the 1OC's evaluation com-Cleveland's Mark Prince and mission in the run-up to next Boston's Dominique Wilkins.

The other eight were Quebec City. Canada, Sweden's Oestersund, the Swiss city of Sion, Graz in Austria, Jaca of Spain, Tarvisio of Italy, Poprad-Tatry of Slovakia and the Russian Black Sea town of Sochi.

The commission's 192-page report makes no direct comparison between individual cities, but praises the Utah

state capital on virtually all aspects of its hid and declares its financial plan to be "an excellent one.

Oestersund and Quehec City also received good reviews but the commission was unexpectedly critical of the hid hy Sion - another frontrunner — and said problems had to be settled with Graz's financial plan hefore it could prudently be accepted.

Praise from the 12-member commission is seen as crucial to a city's chances of staying in the frame when the IOC's executive board whittles the candidates down to a short!ist of four in Lausanne next

month. The final decision will be made hy the 1OC's full memhership at a meeting in

Budapest in June. At least two cities, PopradTatry and Sochi, appear to be out of the running already both were criticised for risky and unrealistic financial projections. Jaca and Tarvisio also received unenthusiastic reports.

After the success this year. of the "Green and white games" of Lillehammer, environment is a key consideration and the Slovakian hid also fell down on that score:

tournament in August as the Dumars, Kevin Johnson and

65 VA 10 2 10 9 5 4 SOUTH * A Q 9 2

Pass Pass Pass
Opening lead: King of
We have reached the stage where nothing that happens at the bridge table surprises us. When this hand was played in a team metch, the contract at one table was a minor-suit partscore; at the other, a major-suit slam!

Dan Majerle of Phoenix,

New Jersey's Derrick Cole-

man, Miami's Steve Smith,

Charlotte's Larry Johnson,

WITH OMAN SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

At the first table West opened one heart. North overcalled two clabs and that was passed back to West. With the whole spade suit missing and the enemy marked for most of

IT'S A WONDERFUL GAME

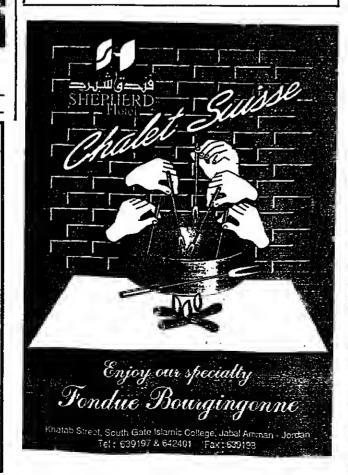
the strength, West, fully alert to the dangers of further competition, passed and North raked in 11 tricks. Both vulnerable. West deals NORTH # K 10643 At the other table North chose a Michaels cue-bid of two hearts, showing spades and an undisclosed minor suit. South made an invitational jump to three spades and, when West revealed a red two-suit. North table, a first at the carde. Void + A K Q 8 7 6 2 WEST EAST + Void + J 7 6 5 - A K 10 8 5 4 7 9 6 2 - K Q 9 6 5 A 10 - J 3

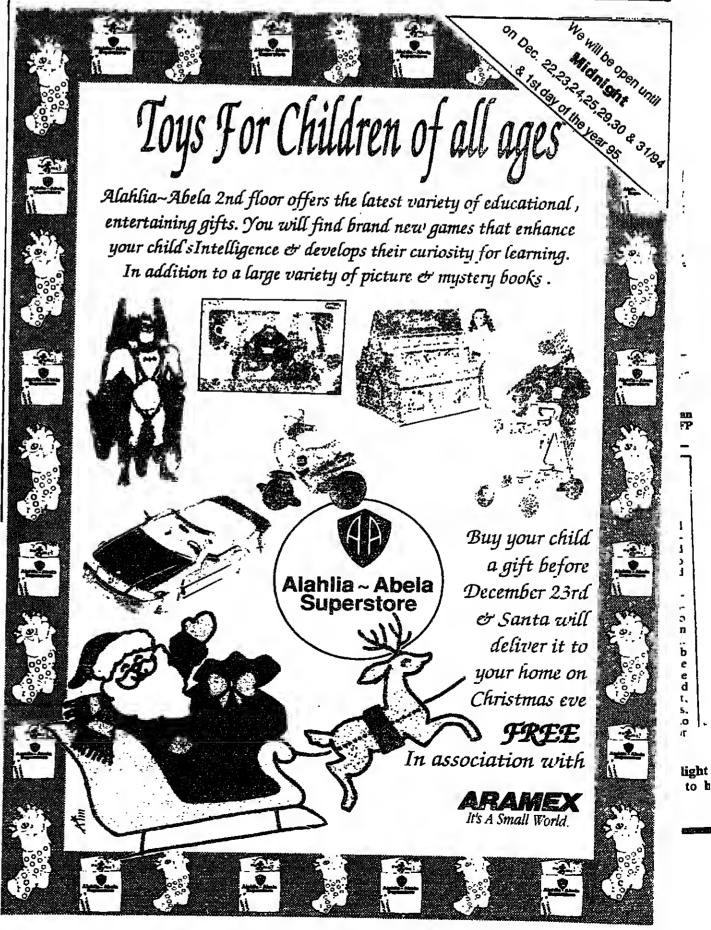
GOREN BRIDGE

slam.
West led the king of hearts and
the fate of the contract hung in the
balance. To prevail, the defenders
had to force dummy to ruff. Unfortunately, West chose to do so by
continuing with the ace of hearts.
That see a dealers is to the seed of the seed of the seed.

continuing with the ace of hearts. That set up declarer's jack as the fulfilling trick.

Declarer ruffed and came to hand with a trump to the ace, revealing the bad hreak. The jack of hearts was cashed, dummy was entered with a diamond ruff and the top clubs were cleared. When these lived, declarer ruffed a club low in hand and a diamond in dummy. A high crossruff followed, declarer scoring in all three club tricks, one heart, three diamond ruffs and a heart ruff in dummy and four trumps in the closed hand.







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Jordan asks Israel to allow return of Palestinians with 'expired' permits

AMMAN (AP) — Jordan has asked Isarel to allow the repatriation of 80,000 Palestinians who were denied entry to the Israeli occupied territories hecause of expried exit-and-return permits, a Jordanian official aid Tues-

day.

Marwan Dudin, head of a committee for talks with Israel on refugees, said he presented the Israeli with a "provisional list of 6,250 names as a first step towards the repatriation of all Palestinians in that category.

He told the Associated Press that the Jordanian list was presented to the Israelis at the fringes of a five-day discussion on Palestinian refugees that opened in Paris

"There is an (Israeli) approval in principle" of the Jordanian request, but no formal decision has been conveyed to the Kingdom, he

Mr. Dudin said in view of the peace treaty Jordan signed with Israel on Oct. 26, "we hope that the Israelis will

it could hit

Lebanese

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israel warned Tuesday it

could exact revenge on vil-lages in South Lehanon for

guerrilla attacks in which two

of its soldiers were killed.

Deputy Defence Minister

Mordechai Gur accused the

Iranian-hacked Hizbollah of

"flagrant provocation by fir-

ing on our soldiers from inha-

Foreign Minister Shimon

Petes said Israel would not

let its peace negotiations with

Syria and Lehanon stand in

the way of any military op-

erations in South Lehanon.

Mr. Peres told Israeli radio: "No peace negotia-

tions can ever prevent or hold

up defence measures aimed

at protecting our tranquil-

security will be implemented as necessary," he added after

right-wing accusations that

the government held off

attacks on Hizbollah to avoid

a soldier were killed in

Israel's self-declared "secur-

ity zone" in South Lebanon

in attacks carried out hy Hiz-

bollah and Palestinian guerril-

Mr. Gur also said that Hiz-

bollah may have violated

U.S.-hrokered understand-

ings by using civilian villages

in South Lehanon as hases

for shelling Israeli forces.

On Monday, an officer and

conflcit with Syria.

"Action to safeguard our

bited Shiite villages."

villages

show their good intention and endorse the Jordanian

It is not fair to deny these people their national right of return to their homeland using the excuse of an expired exit-and-return permit," Mr. Dudin said. "These people are citizens of the territories and it is not appropriate to have an expiry date for a return permit in one's native homeland."

Mr. Dudin, who also chaired a round of regional talks on refugees in Turkey last week, said the Israelis agreed to double the number of applications for Palestinian family reunification to 2,000.

"The Israelis accepted to increase the number of applications from 1,000 to 2,000 on condition that the total number of individuals would not exceed 6,000," he said. "It is a good step in the right direction.

Mr. Dudin said that Jordan had also accepted plans to convene a meeting on re-fugees with Israel, Egypt and

(AP) - The top Roman

Catholic churchman in the

Holy Land on Tuesday utged

Israel to lift restrictions on

Palestinians visiting Jeru-salem and called for U.N.

guarantees to preserve Christian rights in the city.

Latin Patriarch Michel

Sabhah, the first Palestinian

to head the local church, said

that in a time of peacemaking

Palestinians should be free to

enter to the city which is a

focal point of both temporal

"Peace should encompass

the opening of Jerusalem

which is still closed to Christ-

ians, Muslims, to all inhabi-

tants of the occupied territor-

ies." he said in an interview

"Jerusalem is the heart of

civil and religious life of the

people, and therefore it

should not be closed for any

reason," said Patriarch Sab-

bah, 60, an Arabie scholar

and tormer head of Dein-

lehem University in the West

Bank appointed patriarch in

His statements marked a

departure from his patriar-

chate's traditional reserveon

political issues like Jerusalem

which is the most explosive

issue on the Israeli-

Palestinian negotiating agen-

Most Palestinians, includ-

ing 50,000 Christians in the West Bank, have been un-

able to get to East Jerusalem

on a regular basis since Israel

scaled off the city in March

NEWS IN BRIEF

with the Associated Press.

and religious life.

Israel says | Sabbah urges U.N. guarantees

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM to certain groups such as doc-

Previously, the Kingdom rejected such a meeting because it was called for by the Palestine Liberation Organisation and Israel in their Sept. 13, 1993 agreement on interim Palestinian autunomy worked out in secret without Jordanian participation.

The status of Palestinians who fled in 1967 will be determined in negotianons between Israel and the PLO slated for 1996. The number of Palestinians in this caregory is nearly 900,000. more than 95 per cent of them living in Jordan.

The fate of Palestinian tefugees from the 1948 war is not part of the negotiations. A self-described human rights activist and lawyer on the first such mission by an Israeli on Monday said she had been hired by individual

Palestinian expellees to pur-

sue their cases with Israeli

authorities in an effort to return them to their homes. Lea Isemel, 49, said her mission was made possible by the Oct. 26 peace treaty between Israel and Jordan.

for Christian rights in Jerusalem

tors, lawyers, church work-

ers, husiness owners and

journalists, and they are not

always renewed depending

Major Elise Shazar,

spokeswoman for the Israeli

occupation authorities in the

West Bank, said thousands of

permits have been given to

Christians during holidays

and maintained no requests

have been made for access on

holidays and special events

and are granted," she said.

peace process that in the past

year produced autonomy for

Palestinians in the Gaza Strip

and Jericho and a peace trea-

ty with Jordan had improved

relations with Israel but not

brought meaningful change.

signatures or peace treaties.

We have had many in the

past two years," he said. "Until now, unfortunately, in

the daily life of the people

there is no peace. There is

the same instability: political,

lic, Greek Orthodox and Pro-

testant leaders last month in

drafting a document that calls

for a "special statute" to

guarantee Jerusalem remain

open and not be subject to

the vagaries of daily politics.

should have a status so that

even in time of war everyone

would be able to come to

Jerusalem," said Patriarch

"We say that Jerusalem

He joined 11 other Catho-

military, economie.

"The criterion is not the

"Requests are made for

Patriarch Sahbah said the

a daily hasis.

on the security situation.

"I decided that the political development was a good opportunity not only for perple to make business, but aiso for human rights activists to come and try and bring forward some improvement in Palesninian human rights. Ms. Isemel said.

"The idea now is how to use the peace process between Israel and the Arabs in order to bring all these people hack to their homes," the pro-Palestinian lawyer said. There are about 2,000

Palestinians who were expelled from Israel 10 Jordan in the past three decades. Of those nearly 400 were

repatriated undet the September 1993 Israel-PLO accord that paved the way for partial Palestinian autonomy. Jordanian officials said Ms. Isemel's visit was a private one and that the government

Ms. Isemel, a resident of Jerusalem, declined to say how many Palestinian expellees had hited het to pursue their cases with Israeli au-

"Given that Jerusalem has

an international dimension, it

would be guaranteed by the

international community, hy

the United Nations," he said.

Pattiarch Sabbah said

Christian leaders should join

the peace negotiations when

the future of Jerusalem is

The 12 church leaders are

also forming a secretariat and

plan regular meetings in what

is seen as a major drive to

overcome differences that

have plagued the small com-

munity of Christians in the

say we are here and say these

are the rights of the people. If

the political leaders listen to

us, okay. If they do not lis-

ten, we will keep crying unu!

they do," said Patriarch Sab-

hah, a senior figure in the

Roman Catholic chutch

whose domain includes

Israel, the West Bank, Gaza.

ministry spokesman, said

security concerns sometimes

restricted the movement of

people, but Israel's policy

was to "maintain free access

to all religious sites for Mus-

lims and all denominations of

He criticised the Christian

leaders' declaration on Jeru-

salem, saying it was a politic-

al document that espoused

the Palestinian point of view.

fully, you understand that

what it means is no religious

freedom for Jerusalem but to

take Jerusalem out of the

hands of Israel and give it to the Palestinians," Mr. Pal-

"If you read the text care-

Cyprus and Jordan.

Christians.

mor said.

The churches will speak,

Holy Land.

was not involved.

Israeli, Syrian envoys try to break deadlock

The Syrian and Israeli ambassadors met in Washington to try to break the deadlock in their peace negotintions, Israel radio reported Tues

U.S. Middle East coordinator Dennis Ross attended Monday's talks hetween Israel's Itamar Rabinovich and his Synan counterpart Walid Muallem.

They were held as Foreign Minister Shimon Peres castigated Synan President Hafez Al Assad for refusing to hold ministenal-level negociations and sticking to his demand for a return of all occupied land.

Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin wants Chief-of-Staff General Ehud Barak, who retires on Jan 1, to attend the aext discussions in Washington, television reported.

The head of the Israeli military intelligence, Uri Saguy, attended one of the Washington meetings a few weeks ago, the daily Yediot

the Hehron mosque massacre

Peace moves are deadlocked over the timetable and scale of an Israeli withdrawal from the strategic Golan Heights, the security arrangements that would follow and the kind of relations Syria would be prepared to open with Israel.

Gen. Barak warned in an interview with the latest U.S. News and World Report that 'a long stalemate makes another confrontation very probable."

Monday's meeting was "a sign both sides want to reach an agreement," a senior U.S. official said.

Ambassador Mualicm returned Monday after two weeks' leave and the talks are expected to resume soon.

"It reflects what we feel is the serious desire of the two sides to come to an agreement," said the senior U.S. official, who spoke on condition of anonymity. "And yet, we are not at the point of a breakthrough.

Secretary of State Warren Christopher set up the participation of Israeli and Syrian military experts on a trip to the Middle East two weeks

The National Progressive Front, Syria's highest governing body, Monday underscoted charges that Israel was blocking peace in the Middle East by failing to commit itself to a complete withdrawal from the Golan Heights.

Man shot outside White House

WASHINGTON (AFP) - A U.S. Park policeman shot a knile-wielding man in front of the White House on Tuesday, the third time violence had crupted around the presidential mansion in less than two months, eyewitnesses said.

The man, described by some witnesses as a member of the homeless community who lives in Lafayette Park across from the White House, was reported to be incritical condition with wounds to the chest and right

leg. President Bill Clinton was in the White House but unaffected by the mid-morning incident, which occurred while tensions were high among security officials three days after a gunman fired up to six shots at the building.

Evewitnesses said the man wounded Tucsday was angered by police controls that had been nightened in LECCUI moved toward a group of policemen with a knife or a machete and ignored orders to freeze.

Bruce Lloyd, a 56-year-old psychotherapist from Connecticut, told AFP that police took no chances as they approached the suspect, a black man described variously as in his late 30s, 40s or

"They just went hang, bang bang, said Mr. Lloyd, adding the police fired at point-black range less than one metre away.

Mr. Lloyd, who was sightseeing with his wife, said the man collapsed immediately on Pennsylvania Avenue where he was surrounded hy at least 10 Secret Service agents and park police.

His wife Suzanne, 55, said the shots sparked panic among visitors to the White House and people dove to the ground.

"People were screaming. Children were crying. There was pandemonium," she said. "A Secret Service agent I had been talking to throw me to the ground and screamed at everybody, 'hit the ground and stay down'."

The wounded man was taken to George Washington University Hespital, where spokesman R dney Brown said he was rushed into

surgery in critical condition. Tensions had been high among security officials around the White House following the shooting merdent early Saturday while Mr. Clinton and his family slept at the White House. No one

Wade Varner, a pacifist who has maintained a longstanding vigil at the White House, said the victim was one of the homeless people who live in Lafayone Park across from the While

He said the man became upset at what he called "hassling" by park policemen in the area since Saturday's mer-

"The man chased the policeman with a long kuife until Pennsylvanin Avenue. Mr. Varner told AFP. There the man was surrounded by half a dozen policenien and two shots were fired.

"There was a struggle," said Major Robert Hines of the U.S. Patk Police. "They told the man to drop his knite two or three times. The man did not drop his knife so he shot him "



Ex-dissident poet wins top Russian literary prize

MOSCOW (R) - Former dissident poet and songwitter Bulat Okudzhava was awarded a top Russian literary prize Monday in a shock win over four much younger writers. The 70-year-old Okudzbava won the Russia Booker Prize worth £10,000 (\$15,000) with a largely autubiographical work called "a closed-down theatre," The work by Okudznava, who is half Georgian and half Armenian, attempts to explain why many people were seduced into becoming communists in the first part of this century. Okudzhava, a leading cultural figure in Russia, was not present to receive his prize because of a heart complaint. He was long out of favour with the former Communist authorities. But his work won the approval of reform-minded leaders towards the end of Communicati rule in the 1960s and his simple melodies and moving lyrics won him cnormous popularity.

U.K. MPs vote for more normal lives

LONDON (R) - British members of parliament, pro-ne to wrecked marriages and exhaustion which many put down to their odd working hours, voted Monday — very late at night --- to change them. The House of Commons approved a package of measures to cut down on late-night sittings, which can go on until dawn, and to work less Fridays so they can spend more time constituents and families. The reforms will also currail the longwinded anceches some mentbers love to make, to the irritation of their colleagues. The Commons sits longer bours than my other Western perliament and on most days only begins at 2:30 p.m. The changes are a concession to legislators who say they should work regular office bours so they can lead relatively normal married HVGE. LDCY changes will improve women's representation by making it owner for mothers to stand for parliament. Such legislators say the present members of parliament were drawn from the cream of the British aristocracy, and the Commons was known as "the best (gentieman's) club in London," but are now outmoded. Opponents say that having the first balf of the day free enables legislators to do second jobs, giving the Commons a wide range of experience when discussing proposed legislation. The chi have been introduced for experimental period initially. until late next year.

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'Stunned' Ashkenazy walks out of the RPO

LONDON (AFP) - Visdi-

mir Ashkenazy has wellood out of his job as music director of the Royal Philharmonic Orchestra (RPO), charging that the orchestra has negotiated behind his back to replace him, the Independen newspaper reported Teat day. After a recording bot sion early last week. Ashke nazy said, he was approached by Paul Findley, the orches tra's chief executive, who told him be had made at offer to the Italian Daniels Gatts to succeed hum. He was too shocked to respond fully and had to tush to catch a plane to Berliu, but the next day he instructed his agent in London, Jasper Parrott, to tell Findley that he could ad langer work with the RPO. I was stunned and upset when Paul spoke to me." Ashkonazy was quoted as saying from Bertin. "But I controlled myself. I thought I would give myself uses to reflect on it when I was alone The next day I registed this was unacceptable. I restly don't understand why they did this. It would have been so samply just to keep me informed. An orchestra spokesman said Monday: "There are durantoes some on with the orehears and his Ashkenary on the longer term aspect of our work with him. I am not aware he had left. Discussion is going on about the future of the manife been associated with the RPO unce 1064 and music director since 1460.

shooting incident in front of the north side An unidentified man lies on the ground as two the White House Tuesday (AFP photo) officers train their weapons on him after a

TEL AVIV (Agencies) -

Mr. Petes said the contacts had "no chance of producing results.

This would depend. however, on Syria, which pestponed a planned meeting of generals, sending an offic-

Aharonot reported.

Syria suspended its formal negotiations with Israel after

Israel will discuss nuclear arms after peace — Weizman

CAIRO (Agencies) — Israeli President Ezer Weizman said Tuesday his country was willing to discuss nuclear disarmament after peace is achieved throughout the Middle East.

Mr. Weizman, on a threeday visit to Egypt, was responding to Cairo's urging that Israel take "definite steps" to address Arab concerns about its nuclear capa-

Israel, which is widely reported to possess nuclear weapons, refuses to confirm of denv it

Mr. Weizman said the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT), which Arabs want Israel to sign, is not an effective guarantee against weapons of mass destruction.

"Iraq was a signatory to the NPT and we had to bomb their reactor," Mr. Weizman told reporters, referring to the June 7, 1981, air strike that took out the French-built Osirak nuclear reactor near Baghdad. Israel alleged Osirak was a key link in Iraq's nuclear weapons programme.

"For the time being we are not going to sign," Mr. Weiz-man said. However, he added, when there is peace with all countries in the region, including major military foes Iraq. Lihya, Syria and Iran, "then we will talk disarmament in

Mr. Weizman called for closer ties with Egypt and other Arab countries, and said peace with Syria was the biggest problem facing the Middle East.

Mr. Weizman began the visit here Monday aimed notahly at warming relations with Cairo which have remained frosty despite the two countries' peace treaty signed 15 years ago.

The hig problem in the Middle East at the moment is how to secure peace with Syria," the president said in an interview with the official

news agency MENA.
"When peace is reached with Syria, the overall situation in the region will change

completely. He said stability would come when "everybody recognises each other and we live in an atmosphere of peace, understanding and economic cooperation. Egyptian President Hosni

Mnbarak raised the Palestinian issue Monday in talks with Mr. Weizman, while Foreign Minister Amr Musa said Tuesday "there may be progress in the Syrian track hut all depends on the Palestiman track.

"It is the central problem. Elections and redeployment must go ahead," Mr. Musa

Mr. Weizman also complained of the lack of cultural links between his country and Egypt in talks with Culture Minister Farouk Hosni. "Mr. Weizman said Israel

had n strong desire to normalise culturnl ties with Egypt," Mr. Hosni said. I told him that was for the intellectuals to decide, and it should be discussed so we can know the nature of this normalisation and when and how

The head of the Egyptian artists' union, Saadeddin Al Whabah, has ruled out any normalisation with Israel and refused to let Jewish films enter last month's Cairo film festival.

to begin it."

Meanwhile, the sheikh of Al Azhar, the highest Sunni Muslim authority, tefused a request by Mr. Weizman to

The sheikh said the "climate was wrong because of the continuation of Israeli occupation of Arab countries and Jerusalem," according to Al Hayat daily, However, Mr. Musa said

Monday that Egyptian-Israeli relations were being stepped up and consolidated.

He said the United Nations He said firing from villages 1993 after a series of attacks beyond the "security zone" should lend its weight by on Israelis. would constitute an "unehacking demands the city be Temporary travel permits quivocal provocation" to Jerusalem are issued only open at all times.

Glaspie to head UNRWA in West Bank OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AFP) — April Glaspie, U.S. ambassador to Baghdad when Iraqi tanks rolled into

Kuwait, is to work for the United Nations Relief Agency for Palestinian refugees (UNRWA), the organisation announced Tuesday. Spokesman Ibrahim Jibril said Ms. Glaspie, a 49-year-old Arabic speaker, would head UN-RWA operations in the Israeli-occupied West Bank from January. Ms. Glaspie was accused at the time of leading Irag's President Saddam Hussein, in a meeting just days before Iraq's August 1990 invasion of Kuwait, to believe Washington would not intervene if Iraqi troops moved against the emirate. The former ambassador has denied the charge, saying she stressed the United States wanted a peaceful solution. After her return to Washington on the eve of the invasion, which led to a hreak in diplomatic ties during the 1991 Gulf war which evicted Iraqi troops from Kuwait, Ms. Glaspie worked on Gulf issues at the State Department. In April, she took a year off to teach political science in university.

Unpaid Arab dues threaten Paris institute

PARIS (AFP) — Unpaid contributions promised by Arabs are threatening the future of the French capital's prestigious Institute of the Arab World, the institute's president, Edgard Pisani, said in an interview published Tuesday. Mr. Pisani, a former minister, said Arah countries had run np a \$53 million deficit in unpaid contributions. France provides 60 per cent of the institute's budget and Arah League members are supposed to contribute 40 per cent. "I am threatened with suffocation. The next few weeks will be crucial," Mr. Pisani said in an interview with the daily Le Figaro. He urged the French government to try to persnade Arah states to cough up their contributions, or face having to meet the deficit itself. "The Arab states are institutional bad payers," Mr. Pisani said, explaining the chronic financial situation which had sparked a number of strikes and a reduction in the institute's staff. He added that some states did not pay for "political" reasons, but the

Egypt seeking to cut costs of Sinai force

institute had to be "secular."

CAIRO (R) — Egypt wants to cut the costs of the multinational force that monitors the Egyptian-Israeli horder, Egyptian Foreign Minister Amr Musa said on Tuesday during a visit to Cairo by Israeli President Ezer Weizman. "There is no problem with the multinational

force. It's just the question of the high expenses. This is what was discussed, 'Mr. Musa told reporters. "It's not the existence of the forces (that is at stake), but how to reduce the costs." The minister said Egypt, Israel and the United States split the costs three ways hut did not say how much they were. The United States provides the largest contingent, about 1,000 men. The force, known officially as the Multinational Force and Observers (MFO), has been in Sinai since Israel withdrew from the peninsula under the 1979 peace treaty.

400 kg of hashish seized in Lebanon

BEIRUT (R) - Lehanese drug enforcement agents seized 400 kilogrammes of hashish in the eastern Bekaa Valley. the head of judicial police said on Tuesday. Brigadier Salim Saleem, who heads the department that investigates drug trafficking, said the hashish was found in plastic hags in a hole in the ground on the ontskirts of the city of Baalbek on Sunday. The Bekaa Valley was a centre for the lucrative drugs trade during the 1975-90 civil war but authorities in 1993 began a campaign against growing, processing and smnggling narcotics across Lebanon.

Pope sends blessings to Iraq

BAGHDAD (AFP) - Pope John Paula II has asked for God's hlessing on Iraqi President Saddam Hussein and his people in a written message to Baghdad, the official news agency INA reported Tuesday. "May God hless you, you and your people," the Pope said replying to a message from President Saddam congratulating the pontiff on the 16th anniversary of his rise to head of the Roman Catholic Church. The message, for which INA gave no date, added: "I call on God that the efforts deployed for understanding and collaboration bear fruit in peace and justice."

3 dead foetuses found Inside baby boy

RIYADH (AFP) - Doctors have found three dead foetuses in the body of a four-month-old hahy boy, a Saudi daily said Tuesday. Dr. Talal Al Maliki, head of the pediatrics department in a hospital in Assir, said the hahy's mother had complained before the birth of sharp pains and strange symptoms. An ultra-sound test had shown an unidentifiable body inside the baby. "When he was horn the child had a swollen stomach but nothing showed up in new tests to discover the cause," Dr. Maliki said, according to the daily Okaz.